

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 23-cv-10741

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 5/20/81

At approximately 2:06PM at the San Jose, California Airport, [redacted] was observed getting into a 1973 Lincoln Continental, California license [redacted] driven by an individual later identified as [redacted] and the vehicle then was driven to airport parking lot and parked. Photographs of [redacted] were taken when they left the vehicle to go into the airport and when they returned to vehicle at approximately 3:06PM this same date.

b6 -3, 4
b7C -3, 4

Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294by SA [redacted] Date dictated 5/8/81b6 -1
b7C -1

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FBI (23-cv-10741)-3651

89-543-53

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 5/20/81

At approximately 2:06PM at the San Jose, California Airport, [redacted] was observed getting into a 1973 Lincoln Continental, California license [redacted] driven by an individual later identified as [redacted] and the vehicle then was driven to airport parking lot and parked. Photographs of [redacted] were taken when they left the vehicle to go into the airport and when they returned to vehicle at approximately 3:06PM this same date.

b6 -3, 4
b7C -3, 4

Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294

by SA [redacted] Date dictated [redacted]

89-543-5 b6 -1
5/8/81 b7C -1

JUN 1 1981

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FBI (23-cv-10741)-3652

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date of transcription 5/12/81

On May 8, 1981, a physical surveillance was conducted by SA's [redacted] at the San Jose Municipal Airport of a meeting between [redacted]
[redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4

This surveillance, which was conducted with the [redacted] was recorded on a surveillance log maintained by SA [redacted]. This surveillance log will be maintained in the 1A Section of the file.

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16

Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294-28
by SA [redacted] and SA [redacted] Date dictated 5/11/81

b6 -1
b7C -1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date of transcription 5/12/81

On May 8, 1981, a physical surveillance was conducted by SA's [redacted] and [redacted] at the San Jose Municipal Airport of a meeting between [redacted]
[redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4

This surveillance which was conducted with the [redacted] was recorded on a surveillance log maintained by SA [redacted]. This surveillance log will be maintained in the 1A Section of the file.

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16

Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294-28

by SA [redacted] and SA [redacted]

Date dictated 5/11/81

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED

INDEXED
FILED

JUN 1 1981

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FBI (23-cv-10741)-3654

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date of transcription 5/13/81

On May 8, 1981, SA [] drove an FBI van to the San Jose Airport where SA [] observed [] enter a silver Lincoln Continental in front of the Air California entrance to the airport lobby; said Continental was driven by a white male adult identified as one [] SA [] followed the vehicle as it entered the main parking area of the airport and parked. SA [] observed [] leave the Continental and walk towards the airport lobby. SA [] was in a position to []

Approximately one hour later, [] were observed walking from the airport lobby towards the Continental, and after a short conversation between the two outside the vehicle, [] was observed to get into the vehicle and drive away. [] was observed returning towards the airport lobby. At this point, the surveillance was terminated.

Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294-29

by SA [] Date dictated 5/12/81

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date of transcription 5/13/81

On May 8, 1981, SA [] drove an FBI van to the San Jose Airport where SA [] observed [] enter a silver Lincoln Continental in front of the Air California entrance to the airport lobby; said Continental was driven by a white male adult identified as one [] SA [] followed the vehicle as it entered the main parking area of the airport and parked. SA [] observed [] leave the Continental and walk towards the airport lobby. SA [] was in a position to []

Approximately one hour later, [] were observed walking from the airport lobby towards the Continental, and after a short conversation between the two outside the vehicle, [] was observed to get into the vehicle and drive away. [] was observed returning towards the airport lobby. At this point, the surveillance was terminated.

Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294-29

by SA [] Date dictated 5/12/81

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SEARCHED [] INDEXED []
SERIALIZED [] FILED []

MAY 1981
FBI - LOS ANGELES

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3656

b6 -1
b7C -1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 5/13/81

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3
b7E -4,16

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3
b7E -4,16

b7E -4,9,16

A summary of the conversation between [] and [] is as follows:

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3
b7E -4,16

The conversation began with [] discussing [] They then went on to discuss the possibility of [] being able to obtain some

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3

Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294-30

b6 -1
b7C -1

by SA's [] Date dictated 5/12/81

b6 -1
b7C -1b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3
b7E -4,16

[redacted] then discussed specific political figures, including David Rockefeller, John Volker, and Henry Kissinger. [redacted] indicated that he believed that all three of those individuals were primarily responsible for many of the problems experienced by this country. At one point, he stated that they should be killed, but he did not indicate a willingness to do so himself. He furthermore, did not discuss specifically who should kill any of those individuals or when it should be done. He also indicated at one point that he did not have any available money that would enable him to hire anyone to do anything.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3
b7E -4,16b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3
b7E -4,16

The conversation terminated in an open-ended type fashion. No definite plans were made for any specific dates or times when future meetings between [redacted] would occur, but it was agreed that they would stay in contact.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 5/13/81b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3
b7E -4,16b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3
b7E -4,16

b7E -4,9,16

A summary of the conversation between [] and [] is as follows:

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3b6 -4
b7C -4
b7E -4,16

The conversation began with [] discussing [] They then went on to discuss the possibility of [] being able to obtain some

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3

Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294-30 b6 -1
b7C -1

by SA's []

Date dictated 5/12/81

89-543-56

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUN 2 1981	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

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FBI (23 cv 10741) 3659

SE 89B-294

b6 -1
b7C -1

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3
b7E -4,16

[redacted] then discussed specific political figures, including David Rockefeller, John Volker, and Henry Kissinger. [redacted] indicated that he believed that all three of those individuals were primarily responsible for many of the problems experienced by this country. At one point, he stated that they should be killed, but he did not indicate a willingness to do so himself. He furthermore, did not discuss specifically who should kill any of those individuals or when it should be done. He also indicated at one point that he did not have any available money that would enable him to hire anyone to do anything.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3
b7E -4,16

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3
b7E -4,16

The conversation terminated in an open-ended type fashion. No definite plans were made for any specific dates or times when future meetings between [redacted] would occur, but it was agreed that they would stay in contact.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -3

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 5/13/81

SAs [redacted]

met [redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16

After meeting [redacted]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7E -16

While at the San Jose Resident Agency, SA [redacted] instruct

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16

While at the San Jose Resident Agency, [redacted]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7E -16

SA [redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16

At approximately 1:45 PM, [redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16

At approximately 1:47 PM, SAs [redacted]

SSRA [redacted]

Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, CaliforniaFile # SF 89B-294-31b6 -1
b7C -1

by SA [redacted] and [redacted]

Date dictated 5/13/81

SF 89B-294

[REDACTED]

At approximately 2:02 PM, SA

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 5/13/81

SAs [redacted]

met [redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16

After meeting [redacted]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7E -16

While at the San Jose Resident Agency, SA [redacted] instructed [redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16

While at the San Jose Resident Agency, [redacted]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7E -16

SA [redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16

At approximately 1:45 PM, [redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16

At approximately 1:47 PM, SAs [redacted]

SSRA [redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294-31

SA [redacted]

and [redacted]

by [redacted]

Date dictated 5/13/81

SERIALIZED [redacted]

FILED [redacted]

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FBI (23 cv 10741) 3663

b6 -1
b7C -1

89-543-1

JUN 1 1981

FBI - LOS ANGELES

SF 89B-294



At approximately 2:02 PM, SA



b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 7/20/81

[redacted] appeared at the Office of the San Jose, California FBI Resident Agency and furnished the following voluntary information after being advised of the identities of the interviewing agents:

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] indicated that he did not advocate the violent overthrow of the United States Government by force or any other illegal means. He also stated that he did not associate with or want anything to do with any type of a militant group. He stated that he had never conspired to assassinate or eradicate Henry Kissinger, Paul Volker, William Casey or any other politician that he might not agree with. At this point in time [redacted] made an inquiry as to who William Casey is and he was informed that Casey is the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency. [redacted] indicated that he could not recall ever having discussed Casey with anyone.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] indicated that he had strong political feelings and became very emotional when discussing the way that the government is operating. He further stated that he could understand how someone might misconstrue his intentions.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] stated that he would never engage in any paramilitary, clandestine, or illegal activities and if any illegal acts came to his attention he would immediately report them to the appropriate authorities.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] indicated that the California Coastal Commission was not one of his favorite bureaucratic agencies. He denied that he ever considered bombing that organization or doing any other act that would be illegal. He stated that he was against all bureaucratic agencies that were engaged in the acquisition or management of private land.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

Investigation on 7/17/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294

b6 -1
b7C -1

by SAs [redacted] Date dictated 7/20/81

SF 89B-294

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7D -5

[redacted] also stated that he strongly disagreed with the way the country is currently being run but that he would never do anything illegal in an effort to change it. He stated that however, bad the country might presently be any type of anarchy or terrorism would be worse.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] stated that he had never engaged in any illegal activities and that he did not plan to do so in the future.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] stated that he served in the United States Army between [redacted] He stated that he served in Viet Nam and received the Silver Star during that period of time.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

The following descriptive data was obtained through observation and interview:

Name
Sex
Race
Date of birth
Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes
Education

Employment

Permanent address

Temporary address

Arrest record
Military service

[redacted]
Male
Caucasian

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

SF 89B-294

b6 -1
b7C -1

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[REDACTED] indicated that he considered himself a loyal American and a good citizen.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[REDACTED] then went on to state that he was totally against all acts of violence and terrorism. He specifically mentioned at this time the situation in Iran, El Salvador, and Nicaragua and cited them as an example of terrorism that he did not personally agree with.

[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] concluded by stating that he would always be available to assist the FBI in anyway that he could.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 7/20/81

[redacted] appeared at the Office of the San Jose, California FBI Resident Agency and furnished the following voluntary information after being advised of the identities of the interviewing agents:

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] indicated that he did not advocate the violent overthrow of the United States Government by force or any other illegal means. He also stated that he did not associate with or want anything to do with any type of a militant group. He stated that he had never conspired to assassinate or eradicate Henry Kissinger, Paul Volker, William Casey or any other politician that he might not agree with. At this point in time [redacted] made an inquiry as to who William Casey is and he was informed that Casey is the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency. [redacted] indicated that he could not recall ever having discussed Casey with anyone.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] indicated that he had strong political feelings and became very emotional when discussing the way that the government is operating. He further stated that he could understand how someone might misconstrue his intentions.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] stated that he would never engage in any paramilitary, clandestine, or illegal activities and if any illegal acts came to his attention he would immediately report them to the appropriate authorities

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] indicated that the California Coastal Commission was not one of his favorite bureaucratic agencies. He denied that he ever considered bombing that organization or doing any other act that would be illegal. He stated that he was against all bureaucratic agencies that were engaged in the acquisition or management of private land.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

Investigation on 7/17/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294

b6 -1
b7C -1

by SA [redacted] Date dictated 7/20/81

89-543-68

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FBI (23-cv-10741)-3676

SF 89B-294

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7D -5

[redacted] also stated that he strongly disagreed with the way the country is currently being run but that he would never do anything illegal in an effort to change it. He stated that however, bad the country might presently be any type of anarchy or terrorism would be worse.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] stated that he had never engaged in any illegal activities and that he did not plan to do so in the future.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] stated that he served in the United States Army between [redacted] He stated that he served in Viet Nam and received the Silver Star during that period of time.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

The following descriptive data was obtained through observation and interview:

Name
Sex
Race
Date of birth
Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes
Education

Employment

Permanent address

Temporary address

Arrest record
Military service

[redacted]
Male
Caucasian

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

SF 89B-294

b6 -1
b7C -1

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] indicated that he considered himself a loyal American and a good citizen.

[redacted] then went on to state that he was totally against all acts of violence and terrorism. He specifically mentioned at this time the situation in Iran, El Salvador, and Nicaragua and cited them as an example of terrorism that he did not personally agree with.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] concluded by stating that he would always be available to assist the FBI in anyway that he could.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☒ Airtel

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS ~~EFTO~~
☐ UNCLAS

Date 7/22/81

TO DIRECTOR, FBI
 FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES (89B-543)(C-1)(P)
 RE [REDACTED]

WILLIAM CASEY -
 VICTIM;
 ET AL
 CONSPIRACY TO IMPEDE OR
 INJURE AN OFFICER OF
 THE UNITED STATES
 OO: Los Angeles

b6 -1,4
 b7C -1,4
 b7D -5

Re Los Angeles teletype to the Bureau, et al, dated 5/6/81.

For the information of New Rochelle, Los Angeles has been conducting an investigation since January, 1981 of captioned subject who has made threats towards several prominent figures including Henry Kissinger, David Rockefeller, William Casey and Paul Volcker. Investigation, however, has failed to substantiate the original allegations, and the U.S. Attorney in the Central District of California (CDC), Los Angeles, and in the Northern District of California, San Jose, California, have declined prosecution of the subject for possible violations of

- 2 - Bureau
- 2 - New Rochelle
- 1 - New York (Info)
- 1 - San Francisco (89B-294)(Info)
- 1 - WFO (89B-681)(Info)
- ② - Los Angeles

JMB:ijk
 (9)

89-543-70

b6 -1
 b7C -1

OFFICE COPY [REDACTED]

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time)

Per _____
 SEARCHED
 INDEXED
 SERIALIZED
 FILED

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3679

LA 89B-543

the AFO or related CIO statutes.



b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

During a meeting with the informant in this case on [redacted] in San Jose, California, [redacted] threatened the "ex-head of IBM," and now the ambassador to Russia, not further identified, along with other individuals as previously mentioned. [redacted] was interviewed by BuAgents at San Jose on 7/17/81 at which time he denied making serious threats to anyone and engaged in political rhetoric in conversation with the interviewing Agents.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

On 7/9/81 WFO advised that Thomas Watson, who served as Ambassador to Russia from 8/2/79 to 2/4/81, was formerly associated with IBM. Watson can be reached in Armonk, Westchester County, New York, at telephone number 914-765-7001.

LEAD

NEW ROCHELLE

AT ARMONK, NEW YORK: Provide Watson with a summary of captioned investigation and advise that he was mentioned (although not by name) by the subject.

- 2* -

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☒ Airtel

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS ~~E F T O~~
☐ UNCLAS

Date 7/22/81

TO DIRECTOR, FBI
 FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES (89B-543)(C-1)(P)
 RE [REDACTED]

WILLIAM CASEY -
 VICTIM;
 ET AL
 CONSPIRACY TO IMPEDE OR
 INJURE AN OFFICER OF
 THE UNITED STATES
 OO: Los Angeles

b6 -1,4
 b7C -1,4
 b7D -5

Re Los Angeles teletype to the Bureau, et al, dated 5/6/81.

For the information of New Rochelle, Los Angeles has been conducting an investigation since January, 1981 of captioned subject who has made threats towards several prominent figures including Henry Kissinger, David Rockefeller, William Casey and Paul Volcker. Investigation, however, has failed to substantiate the original allegations, and the U.S. Attorney in the Central District of California (CDC), Los Angeles, and in the Northern District of California, San Jose, California, have declined prosecution of the subject for possible violations of

- 2 - Bureau
- 2 - New Rochelle
- 1 - New York (Info)
- 1 - San Francisco (89B-294)(Info)
- 1 - WFO (89B-681)(Info)
- ② - Los Angeles

JMB:ijk
 (9)

89-543-70

b6 -1
 b7C -1

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SEARCHED
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Approved: _____

Transmitted _____
 (Number) (Time)

Per _____

LA 89B-543

the AFO or related CIO statutes.



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During a meeting with the informant in this case on [redacted] in San Jose, California, [redacted] threatened the "ex-head of IBM," and now the ambassador to Russia, not further identified, along with other individuals as previously mentioned. [redacted] was interviewed by BuAgents at San Jose on 7/17/81 at which time he denied making serious threats to anyone and engaged in political rhetoric in conversation with the interviewing Agents.

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b7D -3

On 7/9/81 WFO advised that Thomas Watson, who served as Ambassador to Russia from 8/2/79 to 2/4/81, was formerly associated with IBM. Watson can be reached in Armonk, Westchester County, New York, at telephone number 914-765-7001.

LEAD

NEW ROCHELLE

AT ARMONK, NEW YORK: Provide Watson with a summary of captioned investigation and advise that he was mentioned (although not by name) by the subject.

1971 October 26

STUDY KISSINGER AND KNOW HIM WELL

Everyone should discover all they can about Henry A. Kissinger, who has never been elected by the people but is considered by some to be the second-most powerful man in the nation if not in the world. Patriots and concerned citizens should find out what they can, good, neutral, bad or very bad, to assist friends in evaluating Kissinger. It should be determined if he is indispensable to the nation, simply a non-entity in high places or a dangerous, power-seeking, behind-the-scenes dictator.

Heinz Alfred Kissinger (he changed his name to Henry after gaining asylum in the U.S. as a boy in 1938) is the son of Paula Stern and Louis Kissinger. He was born May 27, 1923, in Fuerth, Germany. His father was a teacher and student adviser at a girl's high school but Paula Stern has been called the real authority in the family. It was she who got the family out of Germany in 1938 to escape Hitler's anti-Jewish programs, according to Louis Kissinger. As a 15-year-old immigrant and a Jew, Kissinger decided he would have to work twice as hard to achieve his goals. He graduated with honors from George Washington High School in New York in 1943, with ambitions to become an accountant. He was drafted into the Army and because of his knowledge of the German language was promoted to sergeant in the counterintelligence field. At 22 he was the Military Government authority running a German community.

Kissinger grasped the opportunity to teach modern German history in an Army intelligence school and in 1946 was made a civilian employee teaching in the school. He was given an Army reserve commission as a captain. Without either a college degree or battlefield experience, a direct commission to captain is considered highly unusual.

After military service he attended Harvard on the G. I. Bill and received his B.A. in 1950. He had married Ann Fleischer in 1949 and she worked hard to help him through graduate school. Before receiving his master's degree he was appointed Executive Director of the International Seminar of the Harvard Summer School in 1951. He received his master of arts degree from Harvard in 1952 and a Ph.D. in 1954. His wife divorced him in 1964.

It was later revealed that Kissinger's foreign exchange student program which he headed at Harvard was subsidized by CIA funds secretly channeled through certain foundations. Some heavy influence enabled him to obtain such tax-paid aid and to move directly into positions of high influence and power in the Council on Foreign Relations and in both Democratic and Republican administrations.

Kissinger has been a consultant called upon by the Truman, Eisenhower, Kennedy and Johnson administrations and now he is President Nixon's chief White House aide in making foreign policy and national defense policies. Kissinger's early and longtime connections with the Council on Foreign Relations and the influence wielded by powerful men in the CFR during his younger days helps explain his access to high government posts no matter which party is in the White House or in control of Congress.

Without practical diplomatic experience or high-level military training, Kissinger began a meteoric career as a consultant on defense and foreign policy as well as psychological warfare and propaganda. By 1957 he had been able to have two books published relating to political power. The same year he began at the top in the academic world with his appointment to the Harvard faculty, starting as a lecturer in 1957, gaining an associate professorship in 1959 and becoming a full professor in 1962. At the same time, along with his CFR activities he served as director of a special studies project for the Rockefeller Brothers Fund. Nelson Rockefeller took him on in 1963 as an adviser on military and foreign policy while campaigning for the Presidential nomination at the Republican convention.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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Kissinger is reported to have said, after Rockefeller lost the nomination to Nixon in Miami, that Nixon was not fit to be President. It would be interesting to know if Kissinger, therefore, voted for Hubert Humphrey. At any rate, when Nixon was elected (with 43.6% of the public's favorable vote, while Humphrey got 43.2% and George Wallace 13.2%), Kissinger accepted an invitation to meet with Nixon about an appointive job. Then Kissinger walked away with one of the top spots in the Nixon inner-circle at the White House, Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs. He quickly earned a reputation as an empire-builder because of his energetic organization of his staff and its output.

Another ploy pulled by Kissinger angered other new Administration officials. He put out an involved questionnaire which tied up staffs for months, trying to find answers, while Kissinger moved ahead consolidating his power. Key members of the U.S. Senate and House of Representatives openly question Kissinger's obvious grasping for power. They complain about Kissinger making foreign policy and national defense policy without being subject to questioning by Congress, as are the Secretary of State and Secretary of Defense. Cabinet officials, designated by the Constitution to advise the President and to administer the various departments of government, are subject to being quizzed by Congress, but Kissinger is not.

Speculation about Kissinger's motives provide cocktail-party conversation from New York to Hollywood to Washington, D.C. Some gossip labels him as easy prey for Hollywood starlets and sex symbols. He is a favorite subject of the gossip columnists on Broadway and in Hollywood, who like to link his name with Hollywood types when he is seen in public with well-known sex symbols. He has been receiving much attention in recent months in regard to his activities with numerous show business girls.

There is no doubting Kissinger's driving ambition, his seeking for behind-the-scenes power, and his glib persuasiveness with important people, as well as his ability for staying on the job long hours and working brilliantly to achieve his ends. In person he is less than an imposing figure, which probably aids him greatly in working his way into top positions because potential rivals fail to see him as a great threat to their standing. Before they realize his ability, he has taken over.

He seems to have somewhat the same effect on women, who don't expect much and are surprised to find him attentive, interesting and entertaining despite his lack of attractiveness. And there is quite a bit of publicity and public comment about his female friends, for those who are liking such attention from columnists and gossips.

Kissinger's public stand on foreign affairs and national defense matters change from time to time. In one of his early books he maintained that nuclear weapons could be used in tactical operations without their use spreading to strategic targets, such as cities. Later, he wrote that he had been wrong on that. His recognition of the need to act firmly in Cambodia and Laos, while extricating U.S. combat troops from Indochina, brought down the criticism of extremist doves and left-siders upon him. To the extremists, anything less than surrender to the communists is bad. Kissinger has not called for immediate surrender. Neither has he called for victory. He advocates limited, no-win wars, supposedly until the Communists get tired of waiting for us to surrender. In this he ignores the fact that the Russian communists fight us with other countries' armies and that no voice is allowed to speak against war in a communist country.

Parade magazine, with a circulation of 16,713,177, could be of interest and highly informative for those who seek other information about Kissinger, which is to be found in the Oct. 24, 1971, issue published in many newspapers around the nation, including the Dallas Times Herald. The article is titled: "Henry Kissinger: President Nixon's Brainchild."

C. A. Dickey

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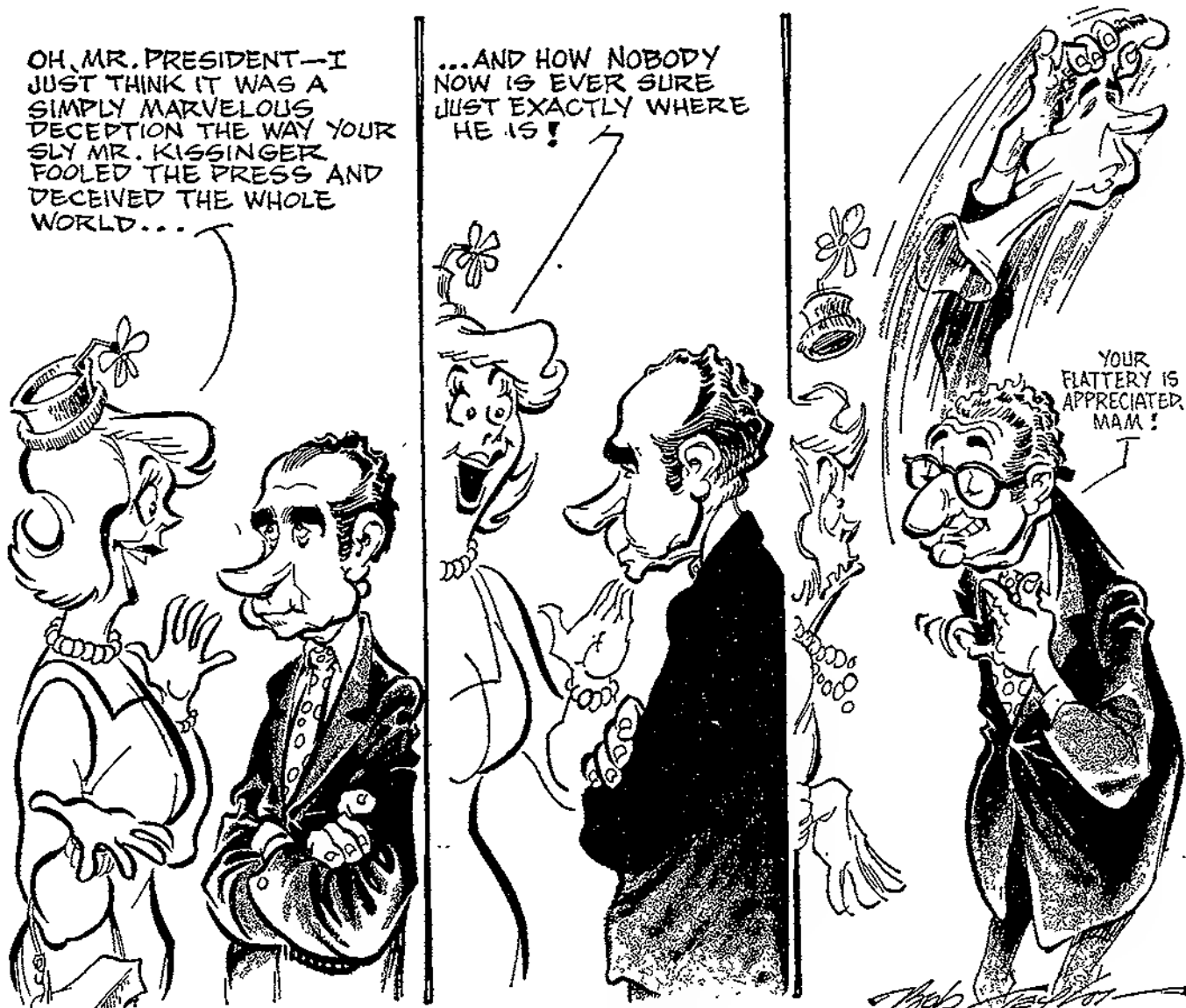
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THE DALLAS TIMES HERALD

Editorials and Opinions

18-A****

Tuesday, Oct. 26, 1971



—By BOB TAYLOR, Times Herald Staff Cartoonist

HENRY A. KISSINGER

Born May 27, 1923, in Fuerth, Germany, Henry A. Kissinger is the son of Louis Kissinger and Paula Stern. He became a naturalized citizen in 1943. He was married to Ann Fleischer but was divorced. After military service in the Intelligence field he attended Harvard, receiving a bachelor of arts degree in 1950. On the basis of that and whatever other obscure reasons known to those who appointed him, Kissinger became Executive Director of the International Seminar of the Harvard Summer School in 1951. He received from Harvard a master of arts degree in 1952 and a Ph.D. in 1954.

Since graduating from Harvard, Kissinger has moved directly into positions of high power and influence in both Democratic and Republican administrations and in the Council on Foreign Relations. He has been a consultant for the Truman, Eisenhower, Kennedy and Johnson administrations and now he is President Nixon's chief White House aide in making foreign policy. Kissinger's early and longtime connections with the Council on Foreign Relations and the influence of powerful men in the CFR probably accounts for his access to high government posts no matter which party is in the White House.

Without practical diplomatic experience he began his career as a consultant on defense and foreign policy, in addition to propaganda and psychological warfare. As an advocate of limited, no-win wars he has had vast influence in both Democratic and Republican Administrations. He proposes that the U.S. should fight limited wars until the communists get tired of waiting for our people to surrender. He ignores the fact that the Russian communist dictatorship can fight these wars with other peoples' armies and that no voice is allowed to speak against war in a communist country.

Kissinger acquired considerable influence with some powerful people often considered as "conservatives," but not constructives, because of his glib recitations and writings. Many dove "intellectuals" consider him to be Richard Nixon's best appointment. Senator Jacob Javits, the far-left New York Republican, has said that Kissinger's appointment could be Nixon's most significant one.

Kissinger quickly earned a reputation as an empire-builder for his office after his appointment by Nixon because of his energetic organization of his staff and its output. Some members of the U.S. Senate and House of Representatives have openly questioned Kissinger's apparent grasping for power. They discount his denials and express their fear that his influence and activity will take away from Congressional prerogatives in foreign and military affairs by undercutting the regular cabinet members who are supposed to handle foreign and military activities.

Before his father migrated to the U.S. in 1938, Kissinger had used the first name, Heinz, but he shifted it to Henry while adapting to life in the U.S. Kissinger's father had been a high school teacher in Germany. The young Kissinger did well in high school in Manhattan. He went on active duty in the Army in 1943 where he grasped the opportunity to teach modern German history in an Army intelligence school in Germany as a sergeant. In 1946 he was made a civilian employee teaching in the school and given an Army reserve commission as a captain. Without either a college degree or battlefield experience, a direct commission to captain is considered highly unusual. Kissinger managed to get a government scholarship to Harvard and his influential career in government was soon launched. His foreign student exchange program at Harvard, it was later revealed, was subsidized by CIA funds secretly channeled through certain foundations.

In addition to his Council on Foreign Relations connections, Kissinger was director of a special studies project for the Rockefeller Brothers Fund. This was from 1956 until 1958. Nelson Rockefeller took him on in 1963 as an adviser on military and foreign policy while campaigning for the Presidential nomination. In 1965 Ambassador Henry Cabot Lodge assigned Kissinger to make a study of Vietnam. Kissinger's secret flight to Peking, while supposedly on a round-the-world tour to friendly governments, is his latest action. Time will tell how his arrangement for the invitation from the Red Chinese government for President Nixon to visit Peking next spring will work out.

Revolution

By George E. Sokolsky

TROTSKY was organizing the workers and soldiers to take over the provisional government in Petrograd. Two centers of activity occupied him. One was the Petrograd Garrison, which was to mutiny against the authority of Kerensky. The other was the seizure of industrial plants by the workers.

One of the principal industrial institutions in Russia was the Putiloff munitions factory, a steel works. Here shop committees were organized and the workers instructed to take over management. Step by step, in fact, the workers reduced the authority of management in all industrial enterprises, not only in Petrograd but in every city in Russia.

Long before the Communist revolution transferred political power from Kerensky to Lenin the workers had destroyed all rights in private property in industrial and commercial enterprises. The labor unions were in possession, and they were taking orders from the Soviet of Workers, Peasants and Soldiers' Deputies at the Smolny Institute. Private property disappeared before the rights of human beings disappeared.

What was Kerensky doing during all this period? He was speaking of what he would do as he was seeking compromises. He was angling for a coalition of Socialist groups. He was secretly negotiating with conservatives and reactionaries. He was dreaming of great Napoleonic victories. He was orating of democracy. He was sleeping himself in international intrigue. He was, in fact, doing nothing at all.

He had created all the agencies for his own destruction, and they were now at work. He had sought to be popular at the expense of righteous public morals. He had catered to the other millions that he might listen to their cheers. He had abandoned national discipline. He had played ducks and drakes with the law. But he dared not interfere with the forces of destruction. They marched forward unimpeded.

I attended meetings of the Constituent Assembly after Kerensky had disappeared. Here the representatives of the Russian people were gathered. The Bolsheviks were a tiny minority. Did they make a lot of it? Lenin waved his hand to his secretary in the balcony and smiled—it was a gesture to show how little his mind was upon the tragic struggle for Russian freedom.

Then he came no more. No Bolshevik appeared. The representatives of the Russian people—here our Congress—they sat and waited.

One moment we heard a rumor that Lenin's dinner was prolonged. At another moment we heard that he was in the building—the Duma Building, I think it was.

Men stood in groups and spoke to one another. Not a person smiled. Then there were prolonged silences.

Finally the president of the Constituent Assembly arose to speak his mind on behalf of the representatives of the Russian people. The assembly hall filled with tipples. One approached the dais.

"Comrade, you have spoken enough," the soldier said. "Go home!"

The representatives of the Russian people were filled with consternation. Strong men wept. I remember my own emotions—my anguish in the presence of fatality. Chernoff tried to be heroic. The soldier stopped him. Workers were already marching in the streets.

The representatives of the Russian people dispersed. A minority had conquered Russia by organized minority pressure. They had seized the means of production and distribution. First they destroyed private property. Then they destroyed human rights. It was the end of Russia's chances for democracy.

What were intelligent, educated people doing? What were business men and bankers doing? At that moment each man was looking after himself. Some were seeking to get in under the tape. They would assist the Bolsheviks, maybe the Bolsheviks would let them live. Some were attempting to save a few effects. Some were even bargaining to corrupt the Bolsheviks as they had corrupted the Czarist regime and the Kerensky regime. Others were trying one compromise after another.

Some were speculating in the country's misfortunes. They were gambling on money exchange, gambling with bonds and stocks, gambling on raw materials for higher prices. Everywhere prices were rising and the value of the ruble was constantly declining.

Not a constructive word came from these people. No constructive ideas. Even the newspapers ceased to print news relevant to them, because the editors and writers were organized in unions. Any they would print the news and views to be printed in the national order and had they disobeyed, the printed word refused to print the newspaper.

Once I saw a religious procession through the streets with icons and other holy images, and they were singing hymns of "Resurrection." But they were so few. The orders were to be military orders, they attempted to make a stand. But the

great mass of Russia's intelligentsia, of Russia's economic and social middle class, were incapable of defense.

Every night the cafes chantants were filled with the bourgeoisie. They were still eating caviare and drinking champagne. The artistes sang humorous songs about Lenin and Trotsky, and the business men applauded with merriment. They would make money, they felt, no matter what kind of politician was in power.

In the end they had nothing. Their property, their human rights, even their lives were taken from them. I met many of their wives and daughters later in Harbin and Peking and Shanghai where they were forced to earn their livings by the only means left to them.

The Bolsheviks could not ultimately succeed, they had believed. They had many explanations for their views. "The deeply mystical character of the Russian people." "The peasants will never permit their farms to be taken from them." "Starvation will drive the workers to their senses."

What is the use? All these explanations were just waves of wind. The organized minority had focussed its will on the seizure of property and government. The majority was engaged in every occupation but the defense of the rights of property and rights of man. The minority smashed the majority because only the minority knew what it wanted. The majority was destroyed because it could not believe that it had to organize and fight to live.

Yes, they woke up later. But it was too late. Their chance lay in government by law when Kerensky was in power. This chance they missed. Their tactical advantage was to resist every suggestion of compromise while they still possessed power, but they lost themselves in mutual dissensions concerning humane considerations until humanity itself was crushed. Compromise destroyed their one weapon for resistance, the army.

Some business men and bankers and engineers and lawyers escaped to foreign countries. Many more were sent to prison camps. Even more were killed. Their smartness had deceived them.

I saw all this from July, in 1917, until March, in 1918. I saw this from the inside. I know human misery only from books. Believe that it is possible to compromise upon essential principles of human rights. I have witnessed too many persons mixed in the melting pot of compromise; I have seen too many Pandora's boxes opened by the intriguing fingers of compromise.

There are no two sides to some questions. You cannot see a thief stealing your silver and cogitate upon the other side of the question. You dare not think of a kidnaper and say, "Perhaps kidnapping is, after all, not altogether wrong."

Yet men will view crimes equally severe and say, "Well, maybe there is another side to this question." Do you remember Miss Perkin's remarks on the possible legality of the sit-down? It is such stuff that blows up civilizations, even as the mad gas in Texas blew up a schoolhouse.

As I write of those days in Russia I think of all the seizures of property in this country. And of the compromises that are being made. The sit-downers in Chrysler write Governor Murphy that they elected him and he must serve their will. How often was it thrown up to Kerensky that he had been raised to power by soldiers and workers, and he must obey them! When the oath of office—when an oath sworn on a Bible can become a subject for individual interpretation—when public officials can ask themselves, "Must I serve the entire nation, or the pressure group that put me in power?"—then the nation is bound to fail.

Revolutions are successful when an organized minority discovers that the majority is split, is confused, is without vigilance. Then it is revolutionary tactics to confound and confuse the majority by side issues, by speeches on humane subjects, by beating the drum of progress and liberalism.

Almost like vaudevillians repeating the jokes of a decade and a century ago, the revolutionists and the compromisers repeat the slogans and the adages of all the centuries and of all countries. They play upon distress; they create emergencies, they ridicule fundamentals. And all sorts of people are taken in by these tricks and they bow to the golden calf of humane proposals. Only too late do they learn that this emphatic humanity is only a veneer, only a sham in the rise to power.

The minority stand upon the shoulders of those whom they fool only as long as they need protection. When they want to come to earth, they destroy the props that supported them. Do you know that there were even Jews in Germany who in Hitler's early days were just such props. Where are they now?

The American people do not yet realize that they are in the first stage of a revolution. Yet all experience with revolution shows that the seizure of private property by lawless bands before whom government stands impotent is the first major battle in the destruction of any government.

HENRY KISSINGER—THE MAN

HON. JOHN R. RARICK

OF LOUISIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, July 21, 1971

Mr RARICK Mr Speaker, so that my colleagues might know the thought and training of the one man who controls the policies of this Government—the one man who not only advises the President which course to follow, but also tells him what the alternatives are—and his utter disdain for the role of Congress in determining foreign policy, I insert the following article from the Washington Post of July 11, 1971, and a documented article from the Herald of Freedom for January 24, 1969, in the RECORD:

[From the Washington Post, July 11 1971]

HENRY KISSINGER NIXON'S METTERNICH

(By David Landau)

(The writer is managing editor of the Harvard Crimson, in which the following appeared as part of a series of three articles on the career of Henry A. Kissinger.)

"He was a roccoco figure, complete, finely carved, all surface, like an intricately cut prism. His face was delicate but without depth, his conversation brilliant but without ultimate seriousness. Equally at home in the salon and in the Cabinet, he was the *beau-ideal* of [an] aristocracy which justified itself not by its truth but by its existence. And if he never came to terms with the new age it was not because he failed to understand its seriousness but because he disdained it."

With these words, a Harvard thesis-writer named Henry Kissinger introduced Clemens Metternich, Austria's greatest foreign minister. Metternich was a man whom Kissinger emulated, whose diplomatic life he has sought to relive. And the comparison of the two is far from inapt.

As Richard Nixon's most influential adviser on foreign policy, Kissinger has embodied the role of the 19th-century balance-of-power diplomat. He is cunning, elusive and all-powerful in the sprawling sector of government which seeks to advise the President on national security matters. As Mr. Nixon's personal emissary to foreign dignitaries, to academies and—as "a high White House official"—to the press, he is vague and unpredictable. Yet he is the single authoritative carrier of national policy besides the President himself.

Like the Austrian minister who became his greatest political hero, Kissinger has used his position in government as a protective cloak to conceal his larger ambitions and purposes. Far from being the detached, objective arbiter of presidential decision-making, he has become a crucial moldier and supporter of Mr. Nixon's foreign policy. Instead of merely holding the bureaucracy at comfortable arm's length, he has entangled it in a web of useless projects and studies, cleverly shifting an important locus of advisory power from the Cabinet departments to his own office. And as confidential adviser to the President, he never speaks for the

record cannot be made to testify before Congress and is identified with presidential policy only on a semi-public level.

A CONSTITUENCY OF ONE

Like the ministers who ruled post-Napoleonic Europe from the conference table at Vienna—and the Eastern Establishment figures who preceded him as policy-maker of a later age—Kissinger believes that legislative bodies, bureaucracies and run-of-the-mill citizenries all lack the training and temperament that are needed in the diplomatic field. He is only slightly less moved by the academics who parade down to Washington to peddle their ideas. And when one sets aside popular opinion, Congress, the bureaucracy and the academic community, there remains the President alone. The inescapable conclusion is that Henry Kissinger's only meaningful constituency is a constituency of one.

It might have seemed surprising that, only a month after his election, Mr. Nixon would have chosen one of his most vocal antagonists—the foreign policy adviser of his chief rival, Nelson Rockefeller—as a leading policy aide. But the two men had much more in common than anyone would have supposed.

To begin with, Mr. Nixon turned out not to be the partisan, suspect observer of the international scene whom Kissinger had so feared. Quite the contrary—Mr. Nixon was determined to take hold of the foreign policy machine and fashion his own commitment to world order, regardless of public and congressional opinion. In the past, decisions had been made in a chaotic, ad hoc atmosphere which lacked consistency and framework; the new President decided that such practice should cease.

For somewhat different reasons, Kissinger agreed that policy planning should be centered in the White House. For Kissinger, the balance-of-power diplomat, had long believed that world equilibrium was based on the constant threat of force, and that respect for the United States rested on the fear of its enormous military machine. At times, secret talks and well-placed overtures could avert military engagements that were not in the interest of the United States; at others, where an escalation to armed conflict seemed necessary, the decisions must be made and the orders carried out by a few top men who acted with the greatest of speed.

Such a policy of threat demanded a high degree of centralization—and the resulting Nixon-Kissinger policy structure was designed to circumvent those forces in government, such as Congress and the Cabinet bureaucrats, which were considered extraneous to that approach.

GUARDING CREDIBILITY

In addition, Kissinger realized that the policy of threat would be a failure if Mr. Nixon could not appear unfettered by others—inside Washington and out—who had claims on the President's conduct of foreign affairs. In as early a tract as "A World Restored," his 1954 Ph.D. thesis on Metternich and the restructuring of post-Napoleonic Europe, Kissinger had written that "the impetus of domestic policy is a direct social experience, but that of foreign policy is not actual, but potential experience—the threat of war—which statesmanship attempts to avoid being made explicit." In other words, popular opinion was little more than an encumbrance on those few who were capable of making decisions. For if the foreign diplomat were allowed to feel that the President's policy could be swayed by domestic upheavals, then the credibility of threat—the linchpin of the policy—would ultimately collapse.

Corollary to the policy of threat was the notion that the United States would keep its promises and fulfill its commitments no matter what the price. For the ultimate failure of diplomacy was to lose credibility, and

there was a feeling for the honor of a great power that went very deep in Kissinger. There was the idea that a faulted credibility in one area of the world would surely lead to disaster in another, because for Kissinger all the great troublespots of the world were lined up on a single continuum that connected the two superpowers, the Soviet Union and the United States. Should the Russians violate the ceasefire lines in the Mideast, then the President must be free to respond in Cambodia. And if the policy made no sense in cost-benefit analysis, at least it would proceed from strategic thinking which transcended the day-to-day pressures of political life.

WHITE HOUSE PREDOMINANCE

Kissinger felt that the presidency was the only office of government which could determine and execute foreign policy in the way it should properly be conducted. Congress was an impediment, its members, by and large, were not properly schooled in the hard-fought, intricate practice of diplomatic affairs and were more likely to respond to the uninformed concerns of their voters, to the shoddy tug-and-pull of the popular political process, than to the arduous twists and turns of great-power relationships. The bureaucracy, too, was an enemy; no imagination, no flair, no speed or adaptability, little grasp of the sacrifices and risks one must incur if the one were to maintain a flexible policy.

Kissinger, the balance-of-power diplomat, had long believed that world equilibrium was based on the constant threat of force, and that respect for the United States rested on the fear of its enormous military machine.

And as for popular opinion, Kissinger's interest lay not in how the votes would be cast today, but in how the executive structure would be affected by domestic reactions to the policy when that policy had finally run its course five or ten years later. His overwhelming concern was how well the White House could continue to function as the major force in foreign policy, whether popular opinion would one day rise up and destroy the presidency as an instrument of diplomatic relations. And when Kissinger finally agreed to go to work for the man he had scorned as a presidential candidate, it was only on the condition that the policymaking structure be geared to White House predominance.

In a series of meetings at the end of November, 1968, Mr. Nixon invited Kissinger to accept the post of foreign policy assistant and proposed a revival of the National Security Council Set up under Truman after World War II to coordinate policy planning. The NSC system had long since fallen into obscurity, but Mr. Nixon viewed it as an instrument of restoring to the White House a critical measure of flexibility and control over policy decisions. More than anything else, he dreaded being handed a single policy recommendation which, more often than not, might be a compromise policy, an effort on the part of several differing agencies which had subdued their disagreements and presented the White House with a position it could then only accept or reject.

Undoing the revived NSC structure was the so-called "options" system, the recommendations of each agency would be sent to the White House and then screened for the NSC and the President by Kissinger and his staff.

As the "options" man, Kissinger would be expected to give a fair, objective account of each alternative, as confidential adviser to the President, his strength would rest more on his personal relationship with Mr. Nixon than on his policymaking abilities—a relationship that would have been very difficult to predict. "I suppose what really was clear was that Henry Kissinger did not intend to become a man of particular influence," Thomas Schelling, Kissinger's closest colleague on the Harvard faculty, said recently,

"I think he honestly thought that there was a more detached role for himself." So Kissinger had gone to Washington to whittle down the options and strengthen Mr. Nixon's hand, his own influence could be determined only by the chemistry of his relationship with the President.

A TOWERING FIGURE

But for astute observers, the news of Kissinger's supremacy in foreign policy was not long in coming. In December, 1968, he flew to Key Biscayne to present Mr. Nixon with a set of blueprints for the revived NSC system—and William P. Rogers, the new Secretary of State, was already out in the cold. No longer would it be as necessary for the Secretary to meet with the President on an informal basis, as Acheson and Dulles and Rusk before him had done, like all other Cabinet members who dealt in foreign policy, his ideas would no longer be brought directly to Mr. Nixon, but would have to pass first through a system which Kissinger administered. And when Rogers met with the President and his national security adviser, he was completely overshadowed, so outclassed by Kissinger that he would rarely see Mr. Nixon in Kissinger's presence any more. "He avoids his confrontations with Henry because he knows he'll make a fool out of him," one State Department official said recently.

Kissinger was a towering figure amid the rest of the Nixon appointees. None could compare to him in terms of sheer mental preparation for the job. And it is probable that Kissinger came into his job better prepared than either of his predecessors under Kennedy and Johnson, not to mention those whom Mr. Nixon had just appointed to other, less rigorous posts, the men who had won their jobs as political favors, not by sheer intellectual breadth.

Most of the others in Mr. Nixon's retinue were men of politics, men who could be restrained by adverse domestic feeling or be deterred from a policy that seemed to make no material sense. But Mr. Nixon—a President determined to behave in a presidential way—and Kissinger, the great-power diplomat, would brook no compromise. And Mr. Nixon's personal relationship with Kissinger, unfettered as it was by ulterior political motives, became deep and profound. Kissinger is the President's only post-1960 acquaintance to have become a member of his personal inner circle. He sees Mr. Nixon more frequently than do any of his other appointees. And as Mr. Nixon's confidante, Kissinger passes the crucial judgments on the very options that he and his staff have laid out.

BUREAUCRATIC COUP

But Kissinger's coup of the Cabinet departments was not as simple as that. It involved a devious circumvention of the bureaucracy through the skillful use of study memoranda and detailed, lengthy questionnaires. According to several men who were close associates of Kissinger at the time, Kissinger came to power determined not to rely on normal channels for information concerning each of the policy undertakings. And so he proceeded to encase the Cabinet departments in a series of useless policy studies which left them very much on the short end of decision-making.

Kissinger's first act as Mr. Nixon's adviser was to commission an options memorandum on the progress of the war in Vietnam; he began work on the study as early as December, 1968. In the months preceding the study, the military state of affairs in Indochina had been the subject of a raging controversy inside the various departments. The outgoing presidential advisers and the upper crust of Washington's foreign service were claiming that the National Liberation Front had grown significantly weaker since the Tet offensive the previous February, that the Communist military campaign would fold in a matter of months. But the lower echelon—

1967, to "spur trade with Reds." The article stated: "An alliance of family banking fortunes linking Wall Street and the Midwest is going to try to build economic bridges between the Free World and Communist Europe. The joint effort contemplated by I.B.E. and Tower is seen as combining the investment skills and resources of the Rockefellers and the special entre to Soviet bloc officialdom that Tower enjoys largely as a result of contacts cultivated over the last 15 years by Cyrus S. Eaton, Sr. The elder Eaton has been an outspoken advocate of closer ties between the U.S. and the Soviet Union. He has backed his convictions by visiting Russia and entertaining high Soviet leaders including former Premier Khrushchev." Kissinger's "foreign policy" advice must have made Rockefeller feel that investments in Communist countries would not be too risky.

Men of science are not going to have complete control of the new "World of Disarmament," as there are other important people in the world—bankers, industrialists, diplomats. These people meet and plan in secret and are called the Bilderbergers. Henry Kissinger has attended at least one of their meetings. His name was on the list of participants at the Williamsburg, Va. Conference, which took place March 20, 21 and 22, 1964. The idea of the Bilderberg meetings originated in the early fifties. The first meeting that brought American and European "leading citizens" together took place under the chairmanship of Prince Bernhard at the Bilderberg Hotel in Oosterbeek, Holland, from May 29 to May 31, 1954. Although the Bilderbergers claim that they are not a "policy-making body" and that "no conclusions are reached," they surely do not bring important people from practically the four corners of the earth for nothing.

Another group of "unofficial" policymakers is the Council on Foreign Relations, with which Kissinger has long been affiliated. The CFR is believed by many to be the secret government of the United States. After a thorough investigation this organization was declared subversive by the American Legion of California in 1962.

Among the present or past members of the Council on Foreign Relations we find the following:

Alger Hiss, Ralph Bunche, Lauchlin Currie, Harry Dexter White, Herbert Matthews, Joseph Barnes, Cyrus Eaton, J. Robert Oppenheimer, John K. Fairbank and Arthur Goldberg, all of whom have had a record of close affiliation with Communists and some of whom were actually identified as Communists.

During the first week of December 1968 the International Association for Cultural Freedom conducted a five-day closed seminar at Princeton, N.J. Ninety individuals attended, among them Henry Kissinger who told those assembled "The doors to the White House will always be open to your ideas." Present to hear this kind invitation were Charles Hamilton, co-author with Stokely Carmichael of the book, "Black Power;" Andreas Papandreu, left-wing leader of the Panhellenic Liberation Movement, exiled from Greece due to his pro-Communist activities; Arthur Schlesinger, Jr., McGeorge Bundy and George Ball, among others. Some of the participants were from Communist countries at this seminar financed by the Ford Foundation.

Henry Kissinger has been a friend and associate of John Kenneth Galbraith (who called the appointment of his friend "a good one"), Adam Yarmolinsky (expected to step into Kissinger's job at Harvard, who said "I will sleep better with Henry Kissinger in Washington."), Arthur Schlesinger, Jr. ("I think it is an excellent appointment") and Robert R. Bowie with whom he worked at the Harvard Center for International Affairs.

Kissinger has been described by a colleague as "impatiently arrogant" and his confidence in his own ability is evident from a comment reportedly made when Rockefeller sent one of his "position papers" to other advisers for comment: "Do you ask a housepainter to touch up a Picasso?" In his new position Dr. Kissinger intends to make some long-range plans for the United States as well as to completely reorganize and restructure the entire White House security planning machinery. This is a very important job to entrust to a man as acceptable to the Democratic left-wing Kennedy Administration as he seemingly is to the Republican moderate Nixon Administration. To what ends will he use the "brilliance" he wishes to conceal from the American people?

LET REDS OPPOSE EACH OTHER

Most anything would seem to be better than endless meetings with communists in Paris, which everyone has found is getting us nowhere. There has always seemed to be a possible advantage to our country in having communists disagree with each other, so it has been difficult for some government officials who have discussed the subject to see why Red China and Red Russia have not been encouraged to do battle in their advancement of communism and who would lead it. Other diplomats have said they want to keep down any open breaks between the Chinese and Russians because trouble between Red China and Soviet Russia could bring on World War III.

President Nixon's proposed trip to Peking could be a matter of him carrying out a deal Henry A. Kissinger already has made. No communist government has ever proved itself to be very trustworthy about carrying out any agreements, but there could be advantages to the U.S. if this is clearly recognized and the opportunity used to disturb the communists' efforts to dominate the world.

Constructive statesmen and seasoned patriots could feel better about the events about to unfold if President Nixon were receiving close counsel from eminent men such as the generals trained by MacArthur. A great nation cannot continue long abandoning its allies in favor of its enemies. Whatever else comes of the Kissinger plan for China, it already is robbing the non-communist Nationalist Chinese government on Formosa of essential prestige. Chiang Kai-shek has remained a staunch ally and has been setting a top example for developing nations to avoid communism. Upsetting the communist timetable may save millions of lives. Throwing over allies can cause every friend to desert us. Surely no one imagines the communists will love us then. HLH

END

259 words

Beginning with President Truman, Kissinger has dictated U. S. Foreign policy for each President whether he was a Democrat or Republican.

THE QUESTION OF KISSINGER

The announcement that Henry A. Kissinger had visited Peking and arranged for an invitation to President Nixon to visit the Red China capital has apparently stunned many observers around the world. The Kissinger record needs to be better understood and closely evaluated.

Kissinger has been handled with kid gloves by the national TV newsmen, despite his rather obscure qualifications for such a powerful position in a Republican administration. A few hawkish policies have failed to estrange him from the left-leaning opinion-molders. His background with the Council on Foreign Relations makes him acceptable to "liberal" pundits, despite an occasional statement to the effect that Russia is hostile to the U.S.

Shortly after finishing Harvard, where he got a Ph. D. in 1954, Kissinger was director for nuclear weapons and foreign policy in 1955 and 1956 for the Council on Foreign Relations. From 1956 until 1958 he was director of a special studies project for the Rockefeller Brothers Fund. He was an adviser to Nelson Rockefeller on military and foreign policy in 1963 during Rockefeller's unsuccessful drive for the Presidency.

Despite lack of practical experience he has served as a consultant for the Truman, Eisenhower, Kennedy and Nixon administrations. He has become involved in the highest levels of policy making with the State Department, the Defense Department, the CIA, the National Security Council and the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency. The public has a right to know much more about such a powerful and influential figure who did not become a naturalized citizen until 1943. HLH

END

258 words

Chou Talks of Revolution, Progress

The Dallas Morning News
GENERAL NEWS

Thursday,
August 12, 1953

Page 1
1-11



Chou En-lai, Chinese leader, speaks at a news conference.

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For God
And Country

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-10-00 BY

HENRY A. KISSINGER --- REVISITED

Well-informed Washington sources, including some members of Congress, consider Presidential Adviser Henry A. Kissinger to be the second most important individual in the U.S. Government and have referred to it as the Kissinger-Nixon Administration.

Henry Alfred Kissinger, born at Fuerth, Germany May 27, 1923, has come a long way fast since his immigration to this country at the age of fifteen. The West German magazine DER SPIEGEL carried an article entitled "This German in the White House" in which it is stated that Kissinger's birth is recorded in the town hall at Fuerth as Alfred Heinz Kissinger, son of Paula Kissinger (nee Stern) and Louis Kissinger, address was Mathilden Strasse 23, Fuerth (which is in middle Franconia). At the time of Kissinger's appointment by President Nixon, French newspapers reported that his father had been a rabbi in Germany. DER SPIEGEL states that Louis Kissinger was principal of a state school for girls of the upper class. The Kissingers came to the U.S. in 1938 as Jewish refugees from the Nazis, Kissinger's father, although over 80 years old, now lives in Washington Heights, N.Y., and has been working as a bookkeeper. His mother has helped support the family by working incognito in Jewish households for bar mitzvahs and parties.

Kissinger was 15 years old when his family came to the U.S. After graduating from George Washington High School in Manhattan, he obtained an A.B. from Harvard in 1950, an MA in 1952 and Ph.D. in 1954. On February 6, 1949, he married Ann Fleischer and they had two children. The marriage ended in a divorce in 1964. Noel E. Parmentel, Jr., writing in the Village VOICE, March 18, 1971, stated: "When he (Kissinger) was married to Ann, who was a genuine human being, he couldn't stand it. After she literally slaved to send him through graduate school he almost turned her into a zombie with all that screaming and shouting. Just like the Gestapo. He was ashamed of her New York accent and always told her how she embarrassed him in front of 'important people.' It got so bad she was scared to even open her mouth. That house in Belmont was like 'Gaslight.'" Little wonder his wife divorced him.

Kissinger became a U.S. citizen in 1943 through service in the U.S. Army. In view of the fact that German had been Kissinger's native tongue, he became an interrogator in counter-intelligence. Later, although only a sergeant, he was put in charge of administering a German town. By 1946, because of his capabilities or connections, he was made a civilian employee at a salary of \$10,000 a year. While working for his Master's Degree at Harvard, Kissinger was made executive director of the Harvard International Seminar, a CIA-financed center which sponsors student exchange programs. By the time he received his Doctorate Degree in 1954, he was already serving as a consultant to a number of government agencies and teaching at Harvard. In 1955 Kissinger was appointed director of Nuclear Weapons and Foreign Policy Studies for the Council on Foreign Relations, and also became a member of that organization. The following year he became director of special study projects for the Rockefeller Brothers Fund, Inc. (having been appointed by Nelson Rockefeller) and served in that position for two years. Thereafter he continued teaching at Harvard but took time out during the 1961-62 period to be a consultant for the National Security Council and the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency. He also served intermittently as a consultant to the State Department and worked closely with Walt W. Rostow in Washington.

One of Kissinger's students at the CIA-financed Harvard International Seminar was Uzi Narkiss who was a senior officer in the Israeli Army at the time and who visited Kissinger at the White House in 1969. Narkiss was the commanding general of the Israeli troops that took Jerusalem in 1967. According to LIFE magazine (September 5, 1969), Narkiss advised Kissinger that Israel will hold the Arab territories as long as it likes.

Confidential sources reported that Kissinger was considered a security risk but obtained his security clearance through President Nixon. Kissinger actually received his appointment as Presidential Adviser for National Security Affairs through the recommendation of Nelson Rockefeller and key people in the

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3694

C.F.R. Professor Henry Paolucci, of St. John's University, wrote a study about Kissinger which appeared in the Congressional Record of August 4, 1971, a portion of which states: "Henry Kissinger, too, expressed as recently as 1965 the conviction that the time was at hand for a surrender of nationhood because 'institutions based on present concepts of national sovereignty are not enough.' The ultimate goal of a supranationalist world community, he wrote, 'will not come quickly; many intermediate stages must be traversed before it can be reached. It is not too early, however, to prepare ourselves for this step beyond the nation-state.'"

After Kissinger's appointment, he increased the staff of his assistants, consultants, and advisers until today he has 110 people working directly for him, including a number of individuals with dubious backgrounds. One of them is Helmut Sonnenfeldt who is very close to Kissinger and was formerly Chief of Soviet and Eastern Europe matters in the State Department's Bureau of Intelligence and Research. During the Eisenhower Administration Sonnenfeldt had been the subject of an intensive FBI investigation regarding the giving of secret information to agents of a foreign power. Although it was reported that the FBI had an iron-clad case, William P. Rogers, who was the Attorney General, refused to prosecute Sonnenfeldt on the grounds that the State Department felt it would not be in the interest of the U.S. Government to have the information become public knowledge. Sonnenfeldt, acting as Kissinger's top assistant, accompanied President Nixon on his trip to Communist Rumania.

Kissinger arranged contracts with the Rand Corp. in California without knowledge of the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of State. One contract had to do with what the Soviet reaction would be to U.S. atomic attack on Egypt. Another study was for the purpose of preparing a report on the "feasibility" of restoring political, economic, and cultural relations with Castro's Cuba. Kissinger encouraged persons working on Nelson Rockefeller's Latin-American Report in 1969 to press the view that U.S. should offer Cuba normal relations and trade. Kissinger also had a major role in getting the National Council of Churches to call for the U.S. to drop its quarantine of Cuba and re-establish diplomatic relations. Another study ordered by Kissinger was how the anti-Communist government of Brazil might be overthrown.

Kissinger has his own direct connections with the Communist government of North Vietnam. Paul Scott reported on November 12, 1969:

"Although it has been one of the best kept secrets of the Vietnam war, Kissinger has been deeply involved in secret talks with the North Vietnamese.

"Two mysterious Frenchmen have been Kissinger's go between with Hanoi. They are Raymond Aubrac and Professor Herbert Marcovich, friends of Wilfred Burchett, the Australian correspondent whom the Kremlin and Peking uses frequently for high-level intelligence and diplomatic operations." (Burchett is a known KGB Agent)

Aubrac has been director of the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organization, was a close personal friend of Ho Chi Minh, and on his U.N. job found it easy to travel to Communist countries from which most Americans are barred. Aubrac had been introduced to Kissinger, then a Harvard professor, in 1967 by Marcovich, a professor at the University of Paris. Kissinger and Marcovich had met earlier at one of the Pugwash meetings organized by pro-Soviet millionaire Cyrus Eaton.

It was on Kissinger's recommendation that President Johnson made an offer to Hanoi to stop the bombing of North Vietnam if Hanoi would give assurances that it would not take advantage of the halt. Kissinger's channels reported that Hanoi would cooperate but they never did and American intelligence officers reported that Hanoi used the lull to rebuild its stock piles of arms and military supplies at advance bases in Cambodia, Laos and South Vietnam. . . . which resulted in the deaths of thousands of Americans.

President Nixon endeavored to have Kissinger negotiate the U.S. out of Vietnam but, as it turned out, Kissinger convinced President Nixon that the only way out was for him to unilaterally withdraw U.S. troops.

After the FBI had arrested on conspiracy charges a group affiliated with the East Coast Conspiracy to Save Lives (the Berrigan Case), Kissinger actually entertained in the White House three of the co-conspirators arrested in the plot to kidnap him.

In 1971, prior to the Communist-inspired-and-directed demonstrations for May Day, Kissinger entertained some of the key leaders in the organization that controlled the demonstrations which were aimed at shutting down Washington, D.C. and which resulted in thousands of arrests.

A former employee of Kissinger told Noel E. Parmentel, Jr.: "He's (Kissinger) got us all buffaloed. He can (and will) lift your security, get you a foundation black ball, bong you at the colleges, put you in coventry. He's got spies in every department. He's running the Ministry of Fear. All his phones are tapped and he keeps long dossiers."

According to numerous newspaper and magazine articles, Kissinger had developed the reputation of being a ladies' man and has been dating a number of

women, including Women's Lib leader Gloria Steinem, who is national sponsor of the Committee to Defend the Black Panthers. After graduating from college, Gloria Steinem worked for the National Student Association, which was CIA-financed and which paid for American students to attend Communist youth festivals in Europe. According to NEWSWEEK of August 16, 1971, Gloria Steinem has had a close relationship also with Negro track star Rafer Johnson, movie director Mike Nichols, and they reported Cesar Chavez is proud to call her his friend.

The West German magazine QUICK created a sensation with the publications of secret telegrams of Rolf Pauls, West German Ambassador in Washington, to his home office which disclosed very unusual behind-the-scenes political conversations between West German State Secretary Egon Bahr and Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, Henry Kissinger. Informed sources state that Henry Kissinger has been promoting the West German concessions to Moscow and Communist East Germany. In fact, a Washington source advised that when Henry Kissinger made his trip to Peking, China, he actually traveled on a West German passport.

One of Kissinger's special assistants who accompanied him on the trip to Red China is Richard Smyser, described by the WASHINGTON POST as Kissinger's Vietnam expert and former member of the Paris peace talks delegation. On January 2, 1971 Congressman John R. Rarick told his colleagues: "Mr. Speaker, it appears that the District of Columbia social event of the year was a trouserless orgy and was held by a member of the staff of Dr. Henry Kissinger, special assistant to President Nixon for national security affairs." A large number of Kissinger's national security affairs staff, other White House staffers and some employees from Capitol Hill and other branches of government attended the "trouserless orgy," during which underwear made from an American flag was revealed. Congressman Rarick remarked that it is little wonder our young people over the country "have become disillusioned with this so-called establishment, when such total disregard for decency and morality is flaunted by people who are related to as representative of our Government. If other members of the Paris peace talks delegation are of the same character as exhibitionist Richard Smyser, we can now begin to understand why even the Vietcong cannot communicate with them."

The withdrawal of American troops from Vietnam without the release of American prisoners of war is looked upon in this country, as well as abroad, as surrender to the enemy. However, the unilateral withdrawal of American troops from South Vietnam is the fulfillment of Dr. Kissinger's plan. In the

January 1969 issue of FOREIGN AFFAIRS; the quarterly publication of the Council on Foreign Relations, an article by Dr. Henry Kissinger states his formula for ending the war in Vietnam which calls for a series of steps to bring about a phased withdrawal of U.S. troops from South Vietnam and for a political settlement. Dr. Kissinger did not rule out a coalition government with Communist participation.

When the U.S. March for Victory in Vietnam was held last fall, it was expected that South Vietnam's Vice-president, Nguyen Cao Ky, would attend and speak at the rally which called for a military victory in South Vietnam. The New York TIMES of September 26, 1970 noted that Henry A. Kissinger, President Nixon's adviser on foreign policy, had scheduled a meeting in Paris with Vice President Nguyen Cao Ky to try to "persuade him not to attend the March for Victory rally here next week." The White House confirmed that Mr. Kissinger was flying to Paris and would meet with Mr. Ky, with the end result, of course, that Ky was pressured into not appearing at the patriotic rally.

Another of Henry Kissinger's secret activities was to obtain a \$100 million cut-back in the Defense Department's budget for intelligence-gathering operations. Veteran intelligence officials viewed this as a move by Kissinger to tighten his White House control over all intelligence operations. Since intelligence estimates are used as a key factor in the formation of American foreign policy, a tighter control of national intelligence operations would greatly increase Kissinger's already tremendous influence in the making of foreign policy.

In 1970 when the Soviet Embassy held a grand-scale celebration of Lenin's birthday, Henry Kissinger was designated as the Nixon Administration's representative for the Lenin birthday celebration, this designation reportedly being Kissinger's own idea.

Through the unusual media of the society section of the WASHINGTON POST of February 20, 1971, in a column written by Dorothy McCardle, we learn that it was Henry Kissinger who worked on President Nixon's State of the World message. So powerful has Henry Kissinger become at the White House that even the liberal editor of the HARVARD CRIMSON, David Landau, writing for the WASHINGTON POST of July 11, 1971 observed "Kissinger has used his position in government as a protective cloak to conceal his larger ambitions and purposes. Far from being detached, objective arbiter of presidential decision-making, he has become a crucial molder and supporter of Mr. Nixon's foreign policy. Instead of merely holding the bureaucracy at comfortable arm's length, he has entangled it in a web of useless projects and studies, cleverly shifting an important locus of

advisory power from the Cabinet departments to his own office." Mr. Landau also noted that, as a confidential adviser to the President, Kissinger has successfully claimed executive privilege when asked to testify on the record in congressional hearings.

Informed sources state that Henry A. Kissinger is not only a protege of Nelson A. Rockefeller, but has been an adviser to him for over 15 years. The original relationship goes back to Kissinger's student days at Harvard when he received a Rockefeller Fund Fellowship for political theory. Kissinger attended both the 1964 and 1968 Republican Conventions as a Rockefeller aide and is credited with having pushed the Republican platform towards a more dovish position on Vietnam. Kissinger was also associated with the Rockefellers in the special studies project in 1956-57 and then from 1958-59 when he was research secretary for a Council on Foreign Relations special discussion group, again on Rockefeller's recommendations.

Henry Kissinger's program for trade, cultural and diplomatic relations with Communist China (now embraced by Nixon), Kissinger's plan to restore relations with Cuba, his arranging for the President to visit Communist countries are all a part of a Rockefeller program to stimulate worldwide trade with Communist countries. In January 1967, Nelson Rockefeller and Cyrus Eaton, Jr., son of the sponsor of the Pugwash Conferences, joined forces to profit by trading with the Communists. The International Basic Economy Corp. (which was organized in 1947 under the principal direction of Nelson Rockefeller and is controlled by the Rockefeller Brothers) and Tower International Inc. (headed by Cyrus Eaton, Jr.) announced plans as revealed in the N.Y. TIMES of January 16, 1967 in an article entitled "Eaton Joins Rockefeller to Spur Trade with Reds." The TIMES noted that the joint effort of International Basic Economy Corp. and Tower International, Inc. is seen as combining the investment skills and resources of the Rockefellers and the special entree to Communist officialdom that Tower enjoys largely as a result of contacts cultivated over the last 15 years by Cyrus Eaton, Sr., always welcomed as a V.I.P. in Communist countries.

After his return from the secret meeting with Chou-En-Lai, Kissinger made a hurried and secret trip to London where reportedly he conferred with a mystery man named Victor Louis at the Soviet Embassy. Victor Louis, whose real name is Vitaly Yevgenyevich Lui, is a high ranking member of Soviet Intelligence who carries out secret diplomatic missions for the Soviet government with heads of state and key internationalists throughout the world. It was Victor Louis who arranged the sale of the Khrushchev Memoirs to LIFE magazine after their careful editing by the KGB. Louis, who is reportedly a millionaire, is so important that he resides in a three-story mansion located 15 miles outside of

Moscow with a swimming pool, pine wood sauna, private tennis court and garage which contains his five automobiles. His standard of living exceeds that of some of the most important members of the Soviet hierarchy. Although the secret meeting between KGB agent Victor Louis and Henry Kissinger was not reported by the world press, NEWSWEEK magazine on August 9, 1971 did report that Victor Louis has made application for an American visa and has put out private feelers for a meeting with Kissinger.

In addition to having been on the payroll of the Council on Foreign Relations and having been a long-time member of that organization, Henry Kissinger was accepted by the Bilderberg group and was permitted to attend at least one of their meetings. His name appeared on the list of participants at the Bilderberger Conference held at Williamsburg, Va. March 21-22, 1964. A number of other C.F.R. members are also connected with the Bilderberg group whose meetings are so secret that the American press does not even report them. The C.F.R. has had as active members Soviet agents Alger Hiss, Lauchlin Currie and Harry Dexter White; Herbert Matthews, who assisted Castro to power; Joseph Fels Barnes, identified as a Communist, who wrote Eisenhower's "Crusade in Europe" for him; Cyrus Eaton, pro-Soviet multi-millionaire; identified Communist John K. Fairbank, whose advice on Chinese Communist affairs is now being sought by U.S. officials. Another interesting member of the subversive C.F.R. is George A. Lincoln, Director of the Office of Emergency Preparedness, an executive agency which has jurisdiction and control of the carrying out of the executive orders issued by President Nixon when he declared a state of national emergency "for economic reasons" and then announced his wage and price freeze. This 90-day "freeze" is but "Phase I" of bigger but unfortunately not better things to come, a transitional period while the dictatorial powers now being assumed by the President and his top "adviser" Kissinger are being more carefully worked out.

Informed sources in Washington are of the opinion that, although he is a known security risk and obviously working against the interests of our country, Henry Kissinger is so firmly entrenched in his position that even President Nixon is unable to remove him. Perhaps we should call it the Kissinger Administration.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 3/3/75

[redacted] was telephonically contacted and advised of the official identity of the interviewing agent with whom he recognized having spoken with in the past. He thereafter furnished the following information:

He stated that at approximately 7:15 to 7:20 PM on March 1, 1975, he had received a telephone call from an unknown individual whose voice he recognized as having heard previously. [redacted] stated that after the caller determined it was [redacted] with whom he was speaking, he furnished the following information to [redacted] which is recorded at this point as close to being verbatim as [redacted] could recall at this time:

"I want to inform you and other Klansmen that an attempt is to be made on the Jewish son-of-a-bitch, Henry Kissinger, due to the remarks he made today concerning renegotiation with Communist Cuba. I want to let you know that a member of the Baton Rouge group is going to attempt to assassinate Henry Kissinger".

[redacted] stated that he did not want to have any part of it, said he thanked him for passing the information on. He stated he asked who the caller was but said the caller did not want to furnish his name. [redacted] stated he did not know why the caller wanted to tell him about this matter and did not think it was to wise to advise anyone of such a serious threat.

[redacted] stated that prior to calling the FBI, he called [redacted] (Phonetic) of the Houston Post, who [redacted] believes is affiliated with the Associated Press, and also called [redacted] (Phonetic) of the Houston Chronicle. [redacted] said he also attempted to contact [redacted] and he attempted to contact [redacted] however, never succeeded in the latter two calls but did state he talked with [redacted] mother. He then stated he thought he should advise the FBI and did so at approximately 7:50 PM.

Interviewed on 3/1/75 at Houston, Texas File # HO 89-105 - 2

by SA [redacted] Date dictated 3/3/75

HO 89-

[] said the call appeared to be a local call and not long distance. [] said that the Baton Rouge group would be [] Klan group, the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan and therefore, [] was asked if he knew of any of [] members that may be in the [] area to which [] advised he did not. He stated he only knew of one individual in the [] area that was associated with [] and that was []. He said the membership of any Klan group associated with the group would be purely an assumption on his part.

b6 -2
b7C -2

He stated the caller at no time mentioned [] name.

b6 -2
b7C -2

[] was called back later on that same evening and asked to furnish verbatim account of the telephone call again at which time he furnished basically the same information recorded herein, however, changed certain verbiage in his statement and admitted that this was all a general account of what the caller had told him inasmuch as he could not recall the exact words the caller used. During the second conversation, [] said the caller said, "I want to let you know a member of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of the Baton Rouge group is going to attempt to assassinate Henry Kissinger".

b6 -2
b7C -2

[] stated that there is a strong possibility that the caller may not even be a Klan member at all and could very well be a Socialist Workers Party member, or for that matter any individual who knows [] phone number.

b6 -2
b7C -2

[] stated the caller had a clear voice, no stuttering, with a normal southern accent, and sounded like the individual would have been in his 20s. He stated he felt he could recognize the voice if he heard it again and would testify in this matter if necessary.

b6 -2
b7C -2

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 4/11/75

[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted] was interviewed at Bill Bennett's Restaurant at which time he furnished the following information:

b6 -2
b7C -2

[redacted] stated he did not want to be interviewed at his home as his wife was not favorable with his activities, nor did he want to be interviewed at his employment nor the FBI office.

b6 -2
b7C -2

He could furnish no pertinent information regarding the telephone call he had received relating to a threat to HENRY KISSINGER's life. He only stated that he was convinced now that the caller was a prankster. He estimated the age of the caller to be in his early 20's.

[redacted] said that to his knowledge no one else associated with klan activities knew anything about the matter.

b6 -2
b7C -2

Interviewed on 4/10/75 at Houston, Texas File # HO 89-105 -3

by SA [redacted] Date dictated 4/11/75

b6 -1
b7C -1

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, HOUSTON 89-105) (C)

DATE: 4/11/75

FROM : SA [REDACTED]

b6 -1
b7C -1

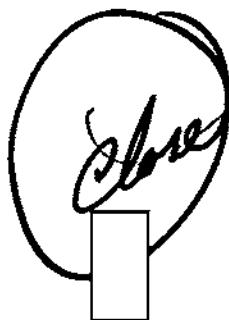
SUBJECT: UNSUB,
MEMBER OF KNIGHTS OF THE KKK,
BATON ROUGE, LA.;
THREAT TO ASSASSINATE DR. HENRY KISSINGER,
SECRETARY OF STATE, DURING VISIT TO HOUSTON, TEXAS
MARCH 1, 1975
AFO; EXTREMIST MATTER - KLAN

[REDACTED] reinterviewed re this matter
on 4/10/75 without gaining any pertinent information other
than his belief that original call to him was by a prankster.

b6 -2
b7C -2

[REDACTED] stated that he knew of no other klansmen
that had any knowledge re this matter.

b6 -2
b7C -2



SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	
APR 11 1975	
FBI - HOUSTON	

89-105-4

b6 -1
b7C -1

✓ DESTROY	4	MO.	18	YRS.
(5 YRS. - AUXILIARY)				
(10 YRS. - CO)				
RETAIN - *SEE				
JUSTIFICATION HEREON				

b6 -1
b7C -1



5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3722

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI, PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI, PA# 23 cv 10741

Total Deleted Page(s) 141

Page 3 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 4 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 5 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 6 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 7 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 8 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 9 ~ Referral/Consult,
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Page 13 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 14 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 15 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 16 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 17 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 23 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7D - -5,
Page 26 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4,
Page 28 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4,
Page 30 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4;
Page 32 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4;
Page 34 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4;
Page 37 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4;
Page 40 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4;
Page 43 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 45 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 46 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 47 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 50 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4;
Page 52 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 54 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 55 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 56 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 57 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 58 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 59 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 60 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 61 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 62 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 63 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 64 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 65 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
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Page 67 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 68 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 69 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 70 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4;
Page 71 ~ b6 - -4; b7C - -4; b7E - -4,
Page 72 ~ b6 - -4, b7C - -4, b7E - -4,
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Page 77 ~ b6 - -4, b7C - -4, b7E - -4,
Page 78 ~ b6 - -4, b7C - -4, b7E - -4,
Page 79 ~ b6 - -4, b7C - -4, b7E - -4,
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Page 82 ~ b6 - -4, b7C - -4, b7E - -4;
Page 83 ~ b6 - -4, b7C - -4, b7E - -4;
Page 84 ~ b6 - -4, b7C - -4, b7E - -4,
Page 85 ~ b6 - -4, b7C - -4, b7E - -4,
Page 86 ~ b6 - -4, b7C - -4, b7E - -4;
Page 87 ~ b6 - -4, b7C - -4, b7E - -4;
Page 88 ~ b6 - -4, b7C - -4, b7E - -4,
Page 89 ~ b6 - -4, b7C - -4, b7E - -4,
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Page 110 ~ b6 4, b7C 4,
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Page 116 ~ b6 4, b7C 4,
Page 117 ~ b6 4, b7C 4,
Page 118 ~ b6 -4, b7C -4,
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Page 121 ~ b6 -4, b7C -4,
Page 122 ~ b6 -3, 4, b7C -3, 4,
Page 123 ~ b6 -3, 4, b7C -3, 4,
Page 124 ~ b6 -4, b7C -4,
Page 125 ~ b6 -4, b7C -4,
Page 126 ~ b6 -4, b7C -4,
Page 127 ~ b6 -4, b7C -4,
Page 128 ~ b6 -4, b7C -4,
Page 131 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 132 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 133 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 152 ~ b6 -4; b7C -4; b7D -5,
Page 153 ~ b6 -4; b7C -4, b7D -5;
Page 154 ~ b6 -4; b7C -4, b7D -5;
Page 155 ~ b6 -4; b7C -4; b7D -5;
Page 156 ~ b6 -4; b7C -4; b7D -5;
Page 161 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 162 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 163 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 164 ~ Referral/Consult;
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Page 166 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 173 ~ Referral/Consult;
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Page 175 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 176 ~ Referral/Consult;
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Page 183 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 184 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 197 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 198 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 199 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 200 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 201 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 202 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 204 ~ b6 -4; b7C -4;
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Page 206 ~ Referral/Consult;
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Page 258 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 259 ~ Referral/Consult,
Page 260 ~ Referral, Consult,
Page 262 ~ Referral, Consult,
Page 263 ~ Referral, Consult,
Page 264 ~ Referral, Consult,

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X For this Page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

b6 -4
b7C -4

(Title)

William Casey-Victim et. al.

(File No.)

SF 89B-279

Item	Date Filed	Disposition
1A0	2/6/81	1 copy of cassette tape re: [redacted] 6/15/81 w/ser. 4 ① 1cc mtd + sent
2	3/4/81	1 cdl re: [redacted] w/ser 9 3/3/81 739838 chp
3	3/4/81	1 cdl re: [redacted] w/ser 9 3/3/81
4	3/4/81	1 cdl re: [redacted] w/ser 9-3/3/81
5	3/4/81	1 cdl re: [redacted] w/ser 9-3/3/81
6	5-8-81	Credit Bureau info re: [redacted] 3/6/81 b6 -4 b7C -4 b7D -5
7	5-8-81	1 cdl photo re: [redacted] 3/6/81
8	5-8-81	1 cdl photo re: [redacted] 3/6/81
9	5-8-81	1 cdl photo re: [redacted] 3/6/81
10	2/2/82	4-8x10 prints (2 ea) of 2 separate frames from strip neg. taken as a result of surveillance on [redacted]
11	"	1 copy of CA DLA [redacted]
12	"	3x5 prints of 15 different frames of strip neg. taken on 2/6/81
13	"	strip prints of surveillance covering meet [redacted]
14	"	1 roll of neg. of meeting between [redacted] b6 -4 b7C -4 b7D -5

b6 -1
b7C -1

Emex 2009 #1

FBI(23-091074)-3738

1cc ind + sent LA
Ry # 739838

Field File No. SF 89B-294
OO and File No. LA 89B-~~894~~ 543
Date Received 2/2/81

From [REDACTED] (NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)
[REDACTED] (ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)
[REDACTED] (CITY AND STATE)

b6 -1
b7C -1

By [REDACTED] (NAME OF SPECIAL AGENT)

To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☐ No Receipt Given ☐ Yes ☐ No

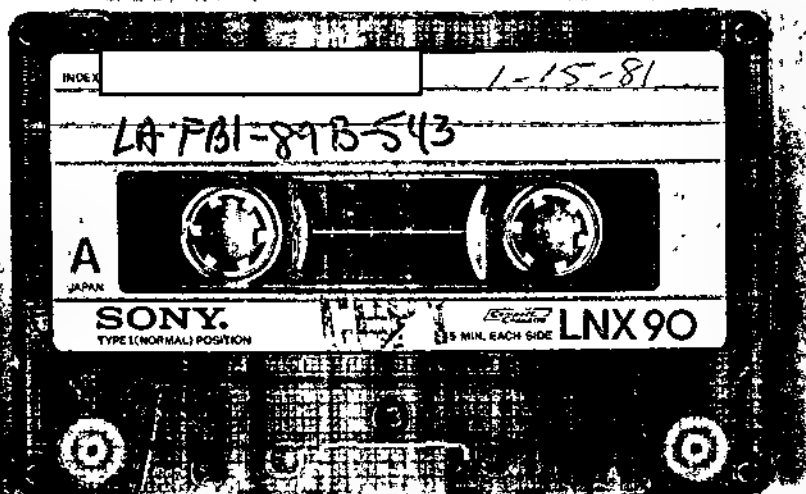
Description

1 Copy of cassette tape
re [REDACTED] on 1/15/81.

b6 -4
b7C -4

89B-294-1A (1)

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5



SF 89B-594-1A(1)

Field File No. 89B-543

OO and File No. _____

Date Received 2-18-81

From DMU

(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

SHCTO, CAL.

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

By 

To Be Returned ☐ Yes

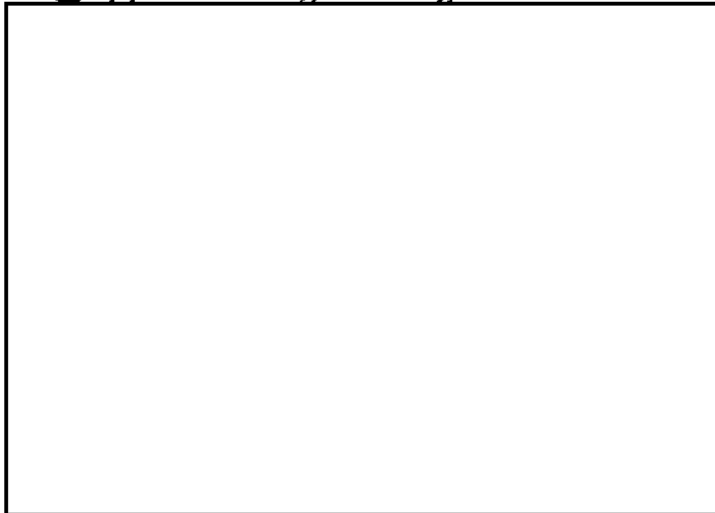
Receipt Given ☐ Yes

☒ No

☒ No

Description:

Copies of CDC #5



w/ser 9

89B-294-1A-L2

b6 -1
b7C -1

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

100-543

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3743

b6 -1

b7C -1

88-274-A-2

Field File No. 89B - 294
OO and File No. 89B - 543
Date Received 3/3/81
From DMV
(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)
Sae. Co.

By

To Be Returned ☐ Yes Receipt Given ☐ Yes
☒ No ☒ No

Description:

1 Cell Re.

w/ser 9

89B-294-1A-(3)

b6 -1
b7C -1

b6 -4
b7C -4

Field File No. 89B - 294
OO and File No. 89B - 543
Date Received 3/3/81
From DMU
(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)
Sae, Ca
(CITY AND STATE)

By

To Be Returned ☐ Yes Receipt Given ☐ Yes
☒ No ☒ No

Description:

1 cell re

w/ser 9

89B - 294 - 1A - (4)

b6 -1
b7C -1

b6 -4
b7C -4

Field File No. 87B - 294
OO and File No. 89B - 543
Date Received 3/3/81
From OMV
(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)
Sac, Ca
(CITY AND STATE)

By

To Be Returned ☐ Yes Receipt Given ☐ Yes

☒ No

☒ No

Description:

1 call re.

b6 -1
b7C -1

b6 -4
b7C -4

87B - 294 - (A - (5))

Field File No. 89B-294
OO and File No. SF
Date Received 3-6-81
From _____

(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

By _____

To Be Returned ☐ Yes Receipt Given ☐ Yes
☒ No ☒ No

☐ Yes Grand Jury Material-
☒ No Disseminate Only
Pursuant to Rules
6(e), Federal Rules
of Criminal Procedure

Description:

Credit Bureau
info of



89B-294-1A-(6)

b6 -1
b7C -1

b6 -4
b7C -4

Field File No. 89B-294

OO and File No. SF

Date Received 3-6-81

From _____

(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

By _____

To Be Returned ☐ Yes
☒ No

Receipt Given ☐ Yes
☒ No

☐ Yes
☒ No

Grand Jury Material-
Disseminate Only
Pursuant to Rules
6(e), Federal Rules
of Criminal Procedure

Description:

1 photo

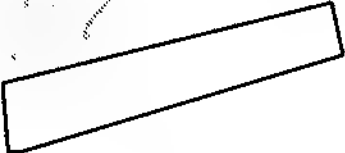


~~for return~~

89B-294-1A-(7)

b6 -1
b7C -1

b6 -4
b7C -4



b6 -1,4

b7C -1,4

b7E -4

FBI (



754

Field File No. 890-294

OO and File No. 3/6/81

Date Received 3/6/81

From _____

(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

By _____

(NAME OF SPECIAL AGENT)

To Be Returned ☐ Yes

☒ No

Receipt Given ☐ Yes

☒ No

☐ Yes

☒ No

Grand Jury Material-
Disseminate Only
Pursuant to Rules
6(e), Federal Rules
of Criminal Procedure

Description:

1 color photo

4. 1/2 inch by 3 1/2 inch

b6 -1
b7C -1

b6 -4
b7C -4

105 294-1A-(3)

b6 -1,4
b7C -1,4
b7E -4

0741)-3757

Field File No. 89B-294OO and File No. 89B-294Date Received 3-2-80

From _____

(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

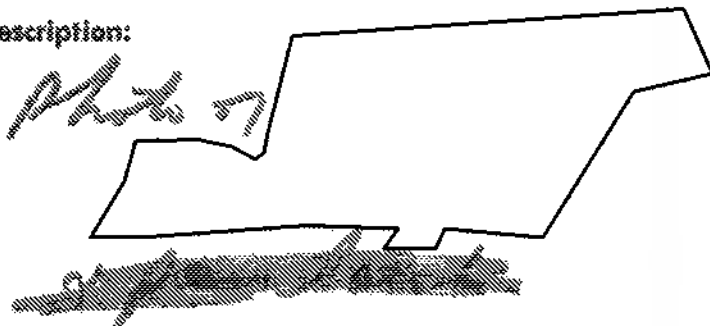
(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

By _____

(NAME OF SPECIAL AGENT)

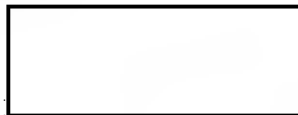
To Be Returned ☐ Yes☒ NoReceipt Given ☐ Yes☒ No☐ Yes☒ NoGrand Jury Material-
Disseminate Only
Pursuant to Rules
6(e), Federal Rules
of Criminal Procedure

Description:

b6 -1
b7C -1b6 -4
b7C -4

89B-294-1A-(9)

b6 -1,4
b7C -1,4
b7E -4



BI

0

Field File No. 89-B-294

OO and File No. _____

Date Received 5-8-81

From _____

(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

By _____

(NAME OF SPECIAL AGENT)

To Be Returned ☐ Yes☒ NoReceipt Given ☐ Yes☒ No☐ Yes☒ NoGrand Jury Material-
Disseminate Only
Pursuant to Rules
6(e), Federal Rules
of Criminal Procedure

Description:

4 8 X 10 prints (2 each)
of two separate frames
from all negatives
taken as a result of
surveillance.

89-B-294-A(1)

b6 -1
b7C -1

C-9

89B-294-1A (10)

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3763

6
7

89B-294-1A(10)

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3767

Field File No. 57B-294

OO and File No. _____

Date Received 5-17-81From DOI

(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

By _____

(NAME OF SPECIAL AGENT)

To Be Returned ☐ Yes☒ NoReceipt Given ☐ Yes☒ No☐ Yes☒ NoGrand Jury Material-
Disseminate Only
Pursuant to Rules
6(e), Federal Rules
of Criminal Procedure

Description:

1 copy of Colif

DL #

in name of

b6 -1
b7C -1b6 -4
b7C -4

B. J. A. (1)

1.55

San Jose

att.



b6 -4
b7C -4
b7E -4

2011 11 11 10:00 AM

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3772

2025 JUN 11 10 10 AM

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3809

Field File No. 87B-274

OO and File No. _____

Date Received 5-8-81

From _____

(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

By _____

(NAME OF SPECIAL AGENT)

To Be Returned ☐ Yes Receipt Given ☐ Yes☒ No ☒ No
☐ Yes Grand Jury Material-
☒ No Disseminate Only
 Pursuant to Rules
 6(e), Federal Rules
 of Criminal Procedure

Description:

strip prints of
 envelope
 containing list of

b6 -1
b7C -1b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

87B-274 (25)

b6 -1
b7C -1

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3812



b6 -1
b7C -1

Field File No. 89B-294

OO and File No. _____

Date Received 5-8-81

From _____

(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

By _____

(NAME OF SPECIAL AGENT)

To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ NoReceipt Given ☐ Yes ☒ No☐ Yes☒ NoGrand Jury Material-
Disseminate Only
Pursuant to Rules
6(e), Federal Rules
of Criminal Procedure

Description:

1- roll of negatives
of meeting between

89B-294-1A(4)

b6 -1
b7C -1b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☒ Teletype☐ Facsimile☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate☒ Priority☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET☐ SECRET☐ CONFIDENTIAL☐ UNCLAS ~~EFTO~~☒ UNCLAS

Date

Jan. 26, 1981

FM SAN FRANCISCO (89B-294)(10)(RUC)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (PRIORITY)

LOS ANGELES (PRIORITY)

BT

UNCLAS

[REDACTED] WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM; HENRY KISSINGER - VICTIM;
DAVID ROCKEFELLER - VICTIM, CONSPIRACY TO IMPEDE OR INJURE AN
OFFICER OF THE UNITED STATES (CIO), OO: LOS ANGELES (B).

RE LA TT TO DIRECTOR, JANUARY 22, 1981.

INQUIRIES UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE, SAN FRANCISCO POLICE
DEPARTMENT, SAN JOSE POLICE DEPARTMENT, AND MONTEREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S

OFFICE DETERMINED THAT [REDACTED] WHITE MALE, BORN [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] POUNDS, [REDACTED] CALIFORNIA DRIVER'S

LICENSE [REDACTED] ADDRESS OF [REDACTED]
CALIFORNIA, TELEPHONE NUMBER [REDACTED] LISTED TO [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] AT ADDRESS OF [REDACTED] CALIFORNIA.

b6 -1,4
b7C -1,4

b6 -3, 4
b7C -3, 4

b6 -1
b7C -1

Transmitted

#3

(Number)

1 35/P

(Time)

Pe

★ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1980

50/5402

FD-36 (CV-10741)-3816

89B-294-2

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS ~~E F T O~~
☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE TWO

SF 89B-294

U N C L A S

[REDACTED] WHITE MALE, BORN [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] CALIFORNIA DRIVER'S LICENSE [REDACTED]

ADDRESS [REDACTED] CALIFORNIA [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] CALIFORNIA, LISTED TO ABOVE). PREVIOUS ADDRESS OF

[REDACTED] CALIFORNIA, [REDACTED]

(UNLISTED). IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT [REDACTED] IS LISTED TO

[REDACTED] AND IS UTILIZED AS A BUSINESS ADDRESS FOR

EXECUTIVE DEFENSE AND/OR CORPORATE DEFENSE. SAN JOSE POLICE

DEPARTMENT PROVIDED THE POST OFFICE BOX INFORMATION AND ADDITIONAL

TELEPHONE NUMBER OF [REDACTED] THIS NUMBER IN THE REVERSE

DIRECTORY IS LISTED TO [REDACTED] AND

FOR INFORMATION LA, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] BY MONTEREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE ON

[REDACTED] AT TIME OF ARREST, [REDACTED] HAD IN

THEIR POSSESSION A THOMPSON SUBMACHINE GUN, SAWED OFF SHOTGUN, FOUR

.45 CALIBER AUTOMATICS, AND ONE 9MM AUTOMATIC. SUBJECT ARRESTED

UNDER [REDACTED] SHERIFF'S OFFICE REPORT NUMBER [REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4b6 -4
b7C -4b6 -4
b7C -4

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____

(Number) (Time)

★ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1988-307-750/5402

FBI (23-CV-10741)-3817

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS ~~EFTO~~
☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE THREE

SF 89B-294

U N C L A S

SUBJECTS DRIVING 1970 CHEVY NOVA, CALIFORNIA LICENSE [REDACTED]

REGISTERED TO [REDACTED] AT [REDACTED]

DESCRIBED AS WHITE MALE BORN [REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED] ADDRESS [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] CALIFORNIA.

ON [REDACTED] SUBJECTS WENT TO TRIAL, MONTEREY, CALIFORNIA. [REDACTED] FOUND GUILTY OF POSSESSION OF LOADED WEAPON AND CONCEALING WEAPON IN VEHICLE. OTHER COUNTS DISMISSED. SUBJECT [REDACTED] WENT TO JURY TRIAL AND ON JANUARY 23, 1981, CASE WENT TO JURY AND VERDICT ^{Guilty} ~~NOT~~ RETURNED ~~AS OF~~ THIS DATE. MONTEREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE ADVISED DOUBTFUL THAT EITHER SUBJECT WILL RECEIVE JAIL TIME. *Sentencing set for 2/18/81*

b6 -4
b7C -4

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FURNISHED BY MONTEREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE INDICATE THAT [REDACTED] AT TIME OF PRELIMINARY HEARING CLAIMED TO HAVE BEEN AND [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] SHERIFF'S OFFICE ALSO ADVISED THAT SUBJECT

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED] WELL KNOWN POLICE DEPARTMENT INTELLIGENCE, SANDINO, [REDACTED]

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____

(Number) (Time)

★ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1980 307-750/5402

FBI (23-CV-10741)-3818

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS ~~EFTO~~
☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE FOUR

SF 89B0294

U N C L A S

LEADS FOR LAS VEGAS BEING LEFT TO DISCRETION OF LOS ANGELES.
ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____

(Number) (Time)

[illegible]

PAGE TWO

SF 89B-294

U N C L A S

[REDACTED] WHITE MALE, BORN [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] CALIFORNIA DRIVER'S LICENSE [REDACTED]

ADDRESS [REDACTED] CALIFORNIA [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] CALIFORNIA, LISTED TO ABOVE). PREVIOUS ADDRESS OF

[REDACTED] CALIFORNIA, [REDACTED]

(UNLISTED). IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT [REDACTED] IS LISTED TO

[REDACTED] AND IS UTILIZED AS A BUSINESS ADDRESS FOR

EXECUTIVE DEFENSE AND/OR CORPORATE DEFENSE. SAN JOSE POLICE

DEPARTMENT PROVIDED THE POST OFFICE BOX INFORMATION AND ADDITIONAL

TELEPHONE NUMBER OF [REDACTED] THIS NUMBER IN THE REVERSE

DIRECTORY IS LISTED TO [REDACTED] AND

FOR INFORMATION LA, [REDACTED] WAS ARRESTED WITH

[REDACTED] BY MONTEREY COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE ON

APRIL 16, 1987. AT TIME OF ARREST, [REDACTED] HAD IN

THEIR POSSESSION A THOMPSON SUBMACHINE GUN, SAWED OFF SHOTGUN, FOUR

.45 CALIBER AUTOMATICS, AND ONE S&W AUTOMATIC. SUBJECT ARRESTED

UNDER [REDACTED] SHERIFF'S OFFICE REPORT NUMBER [REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

b6 -4
b7C -4

b6 -4
b7C -4

BEST COPY
AVAILABLE

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

PAGE FOUR

SF 89B0294

U N C L A S

LEADS FOR LAS VEGAS BEING LEFT TO DISCRETION OF LOS ANGELES.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT



[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b6 -3, 4
b7C -3, 4

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b6 -1
b7C -1

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☒ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS ~~EFTO~~
☐ UNCLAS

Date 1/23/81

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
 ATTN: PERSONAL CRIMES UNIT

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (89B-543) (P) (3)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM;
 HENRY KISSINGER - VICTIM;
 DAVID ROCKEFELLER - VICTIM;
 CONSPIRACY TO IMPEDE OR INJURE
 AN OFFICER OF THE UNITED STATES (CIO)
 OO: Los Angeles

Re Los Angeles teletype to the Bureau, et al,
 dated 1/22/81.

Enclosed for the Bureau and receiving offices
 is one copy each of a cassette tape allegedly reflecting
 a telephone conversation initiated by [REDACTED]
 to [REDACTED] on 1/15/81.

Investigation continuing at Los Angeles.

[REDACTED] AND ASSOCIATES SHOULD BE CONSIDERED
ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 1)
- 2 - Sacramento (Enc. 1)
- 2 - San Francisco (Enc. 1)
- 2 - Los Angeles

(9)

SEARCHED
 SERIALIZED

SAN FRANCISCO

b6 -1
 b7C -1

Transmitted

(Number)

(Time)

Per

★ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1980-305-7

FBI (2)

b6 -1
 b7C -1

47

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☒ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS ~~EFTO~~
☐ UNCLAS

Date 1/23/81

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
 ATTN: PERSONAL CRIMES UNIT

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (89B-543) (P) (3)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM;
 HENRY KISSINGER - VICTIM;
 DAVID ROCKEFELLER - VICTIM;
 CONSPIRACY TO IMPEDE OR INJURE
 AN OFFICER OF THE UNITED STATES (CIO)
 OO: Los Angeles

Re Los Angeles teletype to the Bureau, et al,
 dated 1/22/81.

Enclosed for the Bureau and receiving offices
 is one copy each of a cassette tape allegedly reflecting
 a telephone conversation initiated by [REDACTED]
 to [REDACTED] on 1/15/81.

Investigation continuing at Los Angeles.

[REDACTED] AND ASSOCIATES SHOULD BE CONSIDERED
ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 1)
 2 - Sacramento (Enc. 1)
 ② - San Francisco (Enc. 1)
 2 - Los Angeles

[REDACTED]
 (9)

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FEB 3 02 1981	
FBI-SAN FRANCISCO	

Approved

Transmitted

(Number)

(Time)

Per

b6 -1

b7C -1

★ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1980-305-750-5402

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3848

89B-294-4

File - Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

File _____ Class. _____ Case No. 89B-294 Last Serial _____ Date _____

☐ Pending

☐ Closed

Serial No.

Description of Serial

Date Charged

8

original 302

3/4/81

2/12/81 b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

Employee

RECHARGE

Date _____

To _____ From _____

Initials of Clerk {

Date {

Date charged

Employee

Location

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 2/12/81

1

[redacted] was interviewed at the Los Angeles Office of the FBI as a result of prior arrangements made with SA [redacted] then provided the following information freely and voluntarily regarding an individual named [redacted] allegedly residing in the San Jose, California, area:

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] stated that he is currently [redacted]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

Investigation on 2/6/81 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 89B-543

by SA [redacted]

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILEDDate dictated 2/9/81

MAR 5 1981

b6 -1
b7C -1

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI (23-CV-10741)-3853

89B-294-8

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☒ Airtel

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☒ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☒ UNCLAS

Date 2/24/81

TO: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (89B-294) (10)

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (89B-543) (C-1)

RE:

WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM
 ET AL
 CIO
 OO: Los Angeles

b6 -4
 b7C -4

Re Los Angeles teletype to the Bureau, et al,
 dated 2/9/81.

Enclosed for San Francisco is the original and
 one (1) copy of an FD-302 of [redacted] dated 2/6/81
 at Los Angeles, and copies of California Drivers Licenses
 of [redacted]

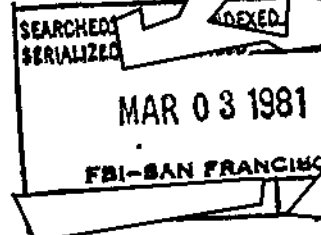
b6 -4
 b7C -4
 b7D -5

SUBJECT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

2 - San Francisco (Enc. [redacted])
 2 - Los Angeles

(4)

See 1A (2-5)



b6 -1
 b7C -1

Approved: _____

Transmitted _____
(Number)

(Time)

Per _____

89B-294-7 FBI (23-cv-10741)-3859

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☒ Airtel

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☒ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☒ UNCLAS

Date 2/24/81

TO: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (89B-294)(10)

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (89B-543)(C-1)

RE:

WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM
 ET AL
 CIO
 OO: Los Angeles

b6 -1, 4
 b7C -1, 4

Re Los Angeles teletype to the Bureau, et al,
 dated 2/9/81.

Enclosed for San Francisco is the original and
 one (1) copy of an FD-302 of [redacted] dated 2/6/81
 at Los Angeles, and copies of California Drivers Licenses
 of [redacted]

b6 -4, 5
 b7C -4, 5

SUBJECT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

2 - San Francisco (Enc. 6)
 2 - Los Angeles

(4)

See 1A(2-5)

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 03 1981	
FBI-SAN FRANCISCO	

b6 -1
 b7C -1

Approved: _____

Transmitted _____

(Number)

(Time)

Per _____

89B-294-9 FBI (22)cv-10741)-3860

Memorandum



To : SAC SF (89B 294) (P) Date 3/19/81

From : SUPV. [redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4

Subject : [redacted] WILLIAM CASHY -
VICTIM; FATAL;
C/O
OO: LOS ANGELES.

Re: LA Teletype to The Bureau dtd 3/17/81

ON 3/19/81 SUPV [redacted] BUREAU
HQ, PERSONAL CRIMES SECTION TELEPHONICALLY
ADVISED ^{EMERGENCY} AUTHORITY HAD BEEN GRANTED FOR
THE USE OF ELECTRONIC BODY RECORDER IN THE
ABOVE CAPTIONED MATTER BY WAYNE R.
GILBERT, SECTION CHIEF PERSONAL CRIMES
SECTION.

b6 -1
b7C -1

SUPV [redacted] REQUESTED A TELETYPE BE
SENT TO HIM CONFIRMING THIS CONVERSATION.

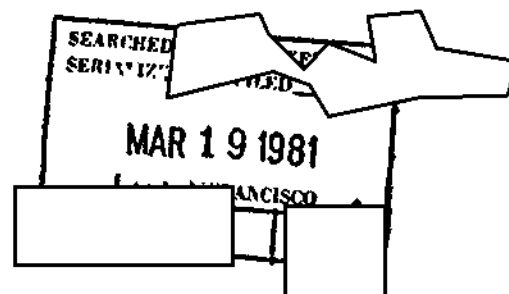
b6 -1
b7C -1

②-89B 294

1- ELSUR CLERK (66-6726)

1- [redacted] 89

1- [redacted] COORDINATOR



89B -294 -12

Memorandum



To : SAC SF (89B 294) (P) Date 3/19/81

From : SUPV. [REDACTED]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4

Subject : [REDACTED]

WILLIAM CASHY -

VICTIM; eT/AL;
CIO
OO: Los Angeles.

Re: LA Teletype to The Bureau, "tel 3/19/81

ON 3/19/81 SUPV [REDACTED] BUREAU
HQ, PERSONAL CRIMES SECTION TELEPHONICALLY
ADVISED AUTHORITY HAD BEEN GRANTED FOR
THE USE OF ELECTRONIC BODY RECORDER IN THE
ABOVE CAPTIONED MATTER BY WAYNE R.
GILBERT, SECTION CHIEF PERSONAL CRIMES
SECTION.

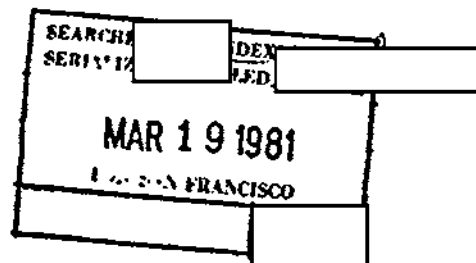
b6 -1
b7C -1

SUPV [REDACTED] REQUESTED A TELETYPE BE
SENT TO HIM CONFIRMING THIS CONVERSATION.

b6 -1
b7C -1

②-89B 294

- 1- ELSUR CLERK (66-6726)
- 1- SUPV #9
- 1- Technical COORDINATOR



89B - 294 - 12

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☒ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☒ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☒ UNCLAS

Date

3/19/81

FM SAN FRANCISCO (89B-294) (P) (SJRA)

TO DIRECTOR (PRIORITY)

[REDACTED]
NEW YORK (PRIORITY)[REDACTED]
LOS ANGELES (89B-543) (C-1) (PRIORITY)[REDACTED]
SACRAMENTO (89B-225) (PRIORITY)[REDACTED]
WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE (PRIORITY)

BT

UNCLAS

ATTENTION: ROOM 5096

[REDACTED] WILLIAM CASEY-VICTIM; ETAL; CIO; OO: LOS
 ANGELES.

RE LOS ANGELES TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, ETAL, DATED MARCH
 19, 1981.

THIS IS TO CONFIRM THE TELEPHONIC CONVERSATION, WHICH
 TOOK PLACE ON MARCH 19, 1981 BETWEEN SUPERVISOR [REDACTED]
 BUREAU HEADQUARTERS AND SUPERVISOR [REDACTED] OF THE SAN
 JOSE RESIDENT AGENCY. SUPERVISOR [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT THE

SEARCHED
 SERIALIZED
 INDEXED
 FILED

(2)

Approved: [REDACTED]

Transmitted

#4
(Number)10:10
(Time)

Per [REDACTED]

b6 -1
b7C -189B-294-13
FBI (23-CV-10741)-3869

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE TWO

SF (89B-294)

UNCLAS

EMERGENCY AUTHORITY FOR THE USE OF ELECTRONIC DEVICES IN THE
ABOVE CAPTIONED MATTER HAD BEEN GRANTED BY SECTION CHIEF WAYNE
R. GILBERT OF THE PERSONAL CRIMES SECTION.

LEADS: SAN FRANCISCO AT SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA: WILL
COORDINATE WITH THE LOS ANGELES DIVISION THE MEETING DISCUSSED
IN THE ABOVE REFERENCED TELETYPE.

BT

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
(Number) (Time)

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3870

SF0931 0782101

PP HQ NY LA SC WF

DE SF 004

P 192050 MAR 81

FM SAN FRANCISCO (89B-294) (P) (SJRA)

TO DIRECTOR (PRIORITY)

NEW YORK (PRIORITY)

LOS ANGELES (89B-543) (C-L) (PRIORITY)

SACRAMENTO (89B-225) (PRIORITY)

WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE (PRIORITY)

BT

UNCLAS

ATTENTION: ROOM 5096

[REDACTED] WILLIAM CASEY-VICTIM; ETAL; CIO; OO: LOS
ANGELES.

b6 -4
b7C -4

RE LOS ANGELES TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, ETAL, DATED MARCH
19, 1981.

THIS IS TO CONFIRM THE TELEPHONIC CONVERSATION, WHICH
TOOK PLACE ON MARCH 19, 1981 BETWEEN SUPERVISOR [REDACTED]
BUREAU HEADQUARTERS AND SUPERVISOR [REDACTED] OF THE SAN
JOSE RESIDENT AGENCY. SUPERVISOR [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT THE

b6 -1
b7C -1

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILED

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

MAR 20 1981

FBI-SAN FRANCISCO

b6 -1
b7C -1

(23-cv-10741)-3871

89B-294-13

PAGE TWO

SF (89B-294)

UNCLAS

EMERGENCY AUTHORITY FOR THE USE OF ELECTRONIC DEVICES IN THE ABOVE CAPTIONED MATTER HAD BEEN GRANTED BY SECTION CHIEF WAYNE R. GILBERT OF THE PERSONAL CRIMES SECTION.

LEADS: SAN FRANCISCO AT SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA: WILL COORDINATE WITH THE LOS ANGELES DIVISION THE MEETING DISCUSSED IN THE ABOVE REFERENCED TELETYPE.

BT

Memorandum



To : Associate Director
Office of Enforcement Operations

Date March 26, 1981

From : Director, FBI

Subject:

WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM;
ET AL.;
CONSPIRACY TO IMPEDE
OR INJURE AN OFFICER

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4

Attached is one copy each of two communications which furnish information concerning a current investigation. Exigent circumstances precluded a request for authorization in advance to utilize an electronic device to monitor and/or record private conversations with the consent of a party.

Under the provisions of Part III(B) of the Attorney General's Memorandum of September 22, 1980, to the Heads of Executive Departments and Agencies entitled, "Monitoring Private Conversations with the Consent of a Party," emergency monitoring was instituted under the authorization of an appropriate official of the FBI.

Monitoring of this conversation was authorized in the best interest of law enforcement in that it was expected to provide corroborative evidence and to protect the individual utilizing the equipment.

Further monitoring is expected in this matter and it is requested that your office approve the use of this equipment for a period of 30 days beginning the date on which you grant approval.

Enclosures (2)

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED

INDEXED
FILED

APR 2 11 07 AM '81

FBI-SAN FRANCISCO

89B - 294 - 17

b6 -1
b7C -1

Airtel

3/31/81

Director, FBI

SAC, Los Angeles

[REDACTED]
WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM;
ET AL,;
CONSPIRACY TO IMPEDE OR INJURE AN OFFICER
OO: LOS ANGELES

b6 -4
b7C -4

ReButelcal to San Jose Resident Agency, San Francisco
Division, 3/18/81.

This is to confirm reButelcal wherein you were informed
of Bureau authority to utilize a body transmitter and/or recording
device [REDACTED] Attached for your
information is a copy of Bureau letter to the Associate Director,
Office of Enforcement Operations, dated 3/26/81 which was approved
by Philip Wilens, Director, Office of Enforcement Operations,
effective 3/30/81 for a period of 30 days.

b7E -9

Advise FBIHQ of results obtained by use of this investiga-
tive technique by indicating whether the body recorder:

1. Aided in directing course of investigation
2. Obtained direct evidence
3. Was used - no information of value obtained
4. Furnished lead material
5. Gave protection to Agent or person wearing recorder
6. Was not used

Enclosure

① SAC, San Francisco (Enclosure) (Information)

b6 -1
b7C -1

SEARCHED
SERIAL

APR 2 11 0 AM '81

FBI ANTI-RACKETEERING

b6 -1
b7C -1

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3882

89B-294-18

Airtel to SAC, Los Angeles

Re:

b6 -4
b7C -4

In addition, you should insure that all persons identified as having been monitored, are suitably included in the field office and FBIHQ ELSUR indices, commensurate with existing instructions as outlined in Bureau airtels to all offices dated April 12, 1977, June 8, 1977, and October 21, 1977, entitled "Microphone and Telephone Surveillances." Strict administrative controls must be established to insure these requirements are met.

Memorandum



To : SAC, LOS ANGELES (89B-543) (C-1)

Date 4/9/81

From : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (89B-294) (RUC) (SJBA)

Subject :

WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM;
ET AL
CIO
OO: LA

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4

Re LA teletype, 3/24/81.

No further investigation is contemplated at San Jose, California.

Accordingly, this case has been placed in an RUC status.

CAUTION: CONSIDER ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

2 - Los Angeles
① - San Francisco

(3)

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILED

b6 -1
b7C -1

89B - 294 - 21

89B-294-23

SEARCHED		INDEXED	
SERIALIZED		FILED	
APR 29 1981			
FBI-SAN FRANCISCO			

b6 -1
b7B -1

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT:

RE: NEW YORK TELETYPE TO BUREAU, 1/17/74

ON 1/17/74, NEW YORK ADVISED THAT [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT [REDACTED]

BT

END

ADMINISTRATIVE: [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] TEL NEW YORK 1/17/74; [REDACTED]

NY 100-111111

RE: NEW YORK TELETYPE TO BUREAU, 1/17/74, [REDACTED]

BT

RE: NEW YORK TELETYPE TO BUREAU, 1/17/74, [REDACTED]

ON 1/17/74, NEW YORK ADVISED THAT [REDACTED]


[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b6 -1
b7C -1

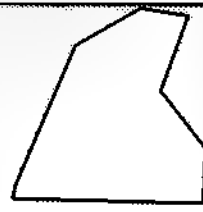
[REDACTED]

100-111111-26

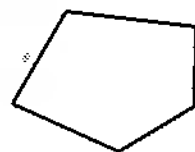


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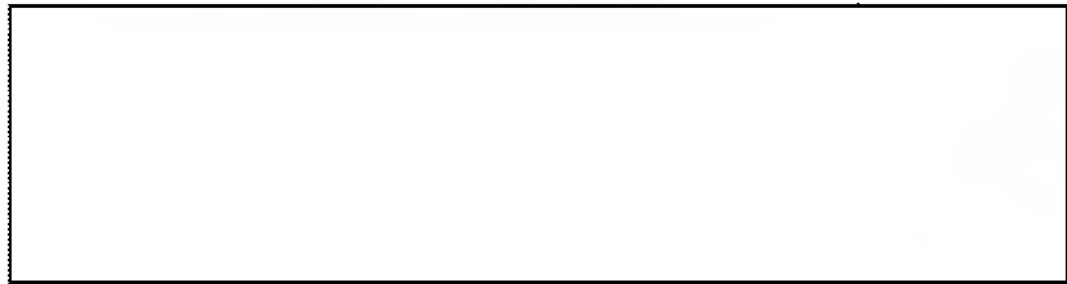
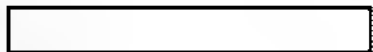
b6 -1
b7C -1



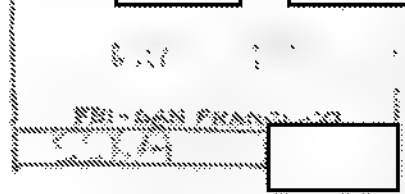
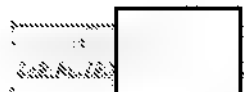
b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4



b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5



b6 -1
b7C -1



b6 -1
b7C -1

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

b6 -1
b7C -1

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☒ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☒ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☒ UNCLAS

Date 5/11/81

FM SAN FRANCISCO (89B-294) (P) (SQD 10)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (PRIORITY)

LOS ANGELES (89B-543) (PRIORITY)

BT

U N C L A S

ATTENTION LOS ANGELES DIVISION, SA [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM; ET AL; CIO; OO: LA

RE LA TEL TO THE DIRECTOR, DATED MAY 6, 1981.

FOR INFORMATION OF RECEIVING OFFICES, [REDACTED] ARRIVED

AS SCHEDULED IN [REDACTED]

MET AT THE AIRPORT BY BUREAU AGENT AND TRANSPORTED TO THE OFFICES
 OF THE SAN JOSE RESIDENT AGENCY. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] FROM THE SAN JOSE RESIDENT
 AGENCY TO THE RESIDENCE OF [REDACTED] AND ARRANGED FOR A MEETING
 BETWEEN [REDACTED]

SEARCHED _____
 SERIALIZED _____
 INDEXED _____
 FILED _____

Approved: [REDACTED]

Transmitted [REDACTED]

(Number)

(Time)

Per [REDACTED]

89B - 294 - 27

FBI (23 cv 10/41) 3914

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE TWO

SF 89B-294

U N C L A S

AIRPORT, MAY 8, 1981. [] EXECUTED A FORM FD-472 AND THE

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5
b7E -9

AT APPROXIMATELY []

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

THE [] HAD A CONVERSATION WHICH WAS RECORDED AND MONITORED
BY AGENTS OF THE FBI. THE CONVERSATION LASTED APPROXIMATELY AN

[] AND A VARIETY OF TOPICS WERE DISCUSSED. THOSE
TOPICS INCLUDED []

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[] THOSE IDEAS INCLUDED

Approved: _____

Transmitted _____

(Number)

(Time)

Per _____

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

SPAGE THREE

SF 89B-294

U N C L A S

THE KILLING OR ELIMINATION OF SEVERAL POLITICAL OFFICIALS,
INCLUDING DAVID ROCKEFELLER, PAUL VOLKER, AND HENRY KISSINGER.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

THE CONVERSATION BETWEEN _____

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

THERE MAY BE FUTURE MEETINGS IN THE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA
AT AN UNDETERMINED TIME AND LOCATION, BUT THAT WILL BE DETERMINED
IN THE FUTURE.

Approved: _____

Transmitted _____
(Number) (Time)

Per _____

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3916

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ _____

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date _____

PAGE FOUR

SF 89B-294

U N C L A S

AFTER OVERHEARING THE CONVERSATION BETWEEN [REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[REDACTED] THERE IS NO DOUBT IN THE MIND OF THE WRITER THAT [REDACTED] HOLDS SOME PRETTY EXTREME POLITICAL VIEWS; HOWEVER, IT IS ALSO THE OPINION OF THE WRITER THAT [REDACTED] DID NOT ENGAGE IN ANY ACTIVITY THAT WOULD BE IN VIOLAION OF APPLICABLE FEDERAL LAW AT THIS TIME. IT IS FURTHER THE OPINION OF THE WRITER THAT [REDACTED] DEFINITELY COULD BE A POTENTIAL DANGER TO ONE OR MORE OF THESE POLITICAL FIGURES THAT HE HAPPENS TO DISAGREE WITH IF HE WERE EVER PROVIDED WITH A PROPER SET OF CIRCUMSTANCES TO ENABLE HIM TO CARRY OUT ANY OF HIS IDEAS.

THE CONVERSATION [REDACTED] WAS MONITORED BY BU AGENTS AND ALSO WAS RECORDED. THE RESULTS OF THAT CONVERSATION WILL BE FORWARDED TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN. [REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[REDACTED] WERE ALSO PHOTOGRAPHED TOGETHER AND COPIES OF THOSE PHOTOGRAPHS WERE PROVIDED TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN.

IT IS THE OPINION OF THE WRITER THAT [REDACTED] WAS COMPLETELY COOPERATIVE AND DID EVERYTHING IN HIS POWER TO ASSIST THE FBI ON THIS PARTICULAR OCCASION.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

SUBJECT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3917

SF0413 1311840Z

PP HQ LA

DE SF 002

P 0111840Z MAY 81

FM SAN FRANCISCO (89B-294)(P)(SQD 10)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (PRIORITY)

LOS ANGELES (89B-543)(PRIORITY)

BT

U N C L A S

ATTENTION LOS ANGELES DIVISION, SA [REDACTED]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4

[REDACTED] WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM; ET AL; CIO; OO: LA

RE LA TEL TO THE DIRECTOR, DATED MAY 6, 1981.

FOR INFORMATION OF RECEIVING OFFICES, [REDACTED] ARRIVED

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5
b7E -9

AS SCHEDULED IN [REDACTED] WAS

MET AT THE AIRPORT BY BUREAU AGENT AND TRANSPORTED TO THE OFFICES
OF THE SAN JOSE RESIDENT AGENCY. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] FROM THE SAN JOSE RESIDENT
AGENCY TO THE RESIDENCE OF [REDACTED] AND ARRANGED FOR A MEETING
BETWEEN [REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

SSKA

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILED

b6 -1
b7C -1

89B-294-27
FBI (23-cv-10741)-3918

PAGE TWO

SF 89B-294

U N C L A S

AIRPORT, MAY 8, 1981. [REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5
b7E -9

[REDACTED] WAS THEN TRANSPORTED BACK TO THE SAN JOSE MUNICIPAL
AIRPORT AFTER [REDACTED]

AT APPROXIMATELY 2:00 PM, PACIFIC DAYLIGHT TIME, [REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[REDACTED] AT A CAFE INSIDE THE SAN JOSE MUNICIPAL AIRPORT.
THE [REDACTED] HAD A CONVERSATION WHICH WAS RECORDED AND MONITORED
BY AGENTS OF THE FBI. THE CONVERSATION LASTED APPROXIMATELY AN
HOUR AND TEN MINUTES AND A VARIETY OF TOPICS WERE DISCUSSED. THOSE
TOPICS INCLUDED [REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[REDACTED] THOSE IDEAS INCLUDED

SPAGE THREE

SF 89B-294

U N C L A S

THE KILLING OR ELIMINATION OF SEVERAL POLITICAL OFFICIALS,
INCLUDING DAVID ROCKEFELLER, PAUL VOLKER, AND HENRY KISSINGER.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

THE CONVERSATION BETWEEN

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

THERE MAY BE FUTURE MEETINGS IN THE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AREA
AT AN UNDETERMINED TIME AND LOCATION, BUT THAT WILL BE DETERMINED
IN THE FUTURE.

PAGE FOUR

SF 89B-294

U N C L A S

AFTER OVERHEARING THE CONVERSATION BETWEEN [REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[REDACTED] THERE IS NO DOUBT IN THE MIND OF THE WRITER THAT [REDACTED]

HOLDS SOME PRETTY EXTREME POLITICAL VIEWS; HOWEVER, IT IS ALSO THE OPINION OF THE WRITER THAT [REDACTED] DID NOT ENGAGE IN ANY ACTIVITY THAT WOULD BE IN VIOLAION OF APPLICABLE FEDERAL LAW AT THIS TIME. IT IS FURTHER THE OPINION OF THE WRITER THAT [REDACTED] DEFINITELY COULD BE A POTENTIAL DANGER TO ONE OR MORE OF THESE POLITICAL FIGURES THAT HE HAPPENS TO DISAGREE WITH IF HE WERE EVER PROVIDED WITH A PROPER SET OF CIRCUMSTANCES TO ENABLE HIM TO CARRY OUT ANY OF HIS IDEAS.

THE CONVERSATION [REDACTED] WAS MONITORED BY BU AGENTS AND ALSO WAS RECORDED. THE RESULSTS OF THAT CONVERSATION WILL BE FORWARDED TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN. [REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[REDACTED] WERE ALSO PHOTOGRAPHED TOGETHER AND COPIES OF THOSE PHOTOGRAPHS WERE PROVIDED TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN.

IT IS THE OPINION OF THE WRITER THAT [REDACTED] WAS COMPLETELY COOPERATIVE AND DID EVERYTHING IN HIS POWER TO ASSIST THE FBI ON THIS PARTICULAR OCCASION.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

SUBJECT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT

orig + lcc mde sent LA 6/8/81

b6 -1
b7C -1

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 13 1981	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

89B-294-28

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date of transcription 5/12/81

On May 8, 1981, a physical surveillance was conducted by SA's [redacted] and [redacted] at the San Jose Municipal Airport of a meeting between [redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7D -5

This surveillance, which was conducted with the [redacted] was recorded on a surveillance log maintained by SA [redacted]. This surveillance log will be maintained in the 1A Section of the file.

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7D -5

Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294-28
by SA [redacted] and SA [redacted] Date dictated 5/11/81

b6 -1
b7C -1

Orig + cc md + sent LA 6/8/81

b6 -1
b7C -1

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 14 1981	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

89B-294-29

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date of transcription 5/13/81

On May 8, 1981, SA [] drove an FBI van to the San Jose Airport where SA [] observed [] enter a silver Lincoln Continental in front of the Air California entrance to the airport lobby; said Continental was driven by a white male adult identified as one [] SA [] followed the vehicle as it entered the main parking area of the airport and parked. SA [] observed [] leave the Continental and walk towards the airport lobby. SA [] was in a position to listen to transmissions over the radio, said transmissions resulting from a body transmitter which had previously been placed on []. Approximately one hour later, [] were observed walking from the airport lobby towards the Continental, and after a short conversation between the two outside the vehicle, [] was observed to get into the vehicle and drive away. [] was observed returning towards the airport lobby. At this point, the surveillance was terminated.

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7D -5Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294-29by SA [] Date dictated 5/12/81b6 -1
b7C -1

Orig + lcc md + sent LA 6/8/81

b6 -1
b7C -1

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 18 1981	
FBI. SAN FRANCISCO	

89B-294-30

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 5/13/81

SA's [redacted] monitored and recorded a conversation between [redacted] United States Department of Justice approval was obtained to utilize a body recorder and transmitter [redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7D -5
b7E -9

As a result of placing the aforementioned devices upon [redacted] one recording of a conversation between [redacted]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7D -5
b7E -9

The conversation took place at the San Jose Municipal Airport and lasted for approximately [redacted]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5
b7E -4

A summary of the conversation [redacted]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SE 89B-294-30

by SA's [redacted] Date dictated 5/12/81

b6 -1
b7C -1

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI/DOJ

FBI (23 cv 10741) 3927

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] discussed specific political figures, including David Rockefeller, John Volker, and Henry Kissinger. [redacted] indicated that he believed that all three of those individuals were primarily responsible for many of the problems experienced by this country. At one point, he stated that they should be killed, but he did not indicate a willingness to do so himself. He furthermore, did not discuss specifically who should kill any of those individuals or when it should be done. He also indicated at one point that he did not have any available money that would enable him to hire anyone to do anything.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

The conversation terminated in an open-ended type fashion. No definite plans were made for any specific dates or times when future meetings [redacted] would occur, but it was agreed that they would stay in contact.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

Orig + lcc md + sent LA 6/8/81

b6 -1
b7C -1

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 13 1981	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

89B-294-31

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 5/13/81

SAs [redacted] met [redacted]
 [redacted]
 b6 -1, 4
 b7C -1, 4
 b7E -16

After meeting [redacted]
 [redacted]
 b6 -1, 4
 b7C -1, 4
 b7E -16

While at the San Jose Resident Agency, SA [redacted] instructed
 [redacted]
 b6 -1, 4
 b7C -1, 4
 b7E -16

While at the San Jose Resident Agency, [redacted]
 [redacted]
 b6 -1, 4
 b7C -1, 4
 b7E -16

SA [redacted]
 [redacted]
 b6 -1, 4
 b7C -1, 4
 b7D -16

At approximately 1:45 PM, [redacted]
 [redacted]
 b6 -1, 4
 b7C -1, 4
 b7E -16

At approximately 1:47 PM, SAs [redacted] and SSRA [redacted]
 [redacted]
 b6 -1, 4
 b7C -1, 4
 b7E -16

Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294-31
 by SA [redacted] and [redacted] Date dictated 5/13/81
 b6 -1
 b7C -1

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI/DOJ

FBI (23 cv 10741) 3930

SF 89B-294

[REDACTED]

At approximately 2:02 PM, SA [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4
b7E -16

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date 5/13/81

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (89B-543)
 FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (89B-294) (P) (SJRA)
 SUBJECT: [REDACTED]
 WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM;
 ET AL
 CIO
 OO: LA

b6 -4
 b7C -4

Enclosed for Los Angeles are the following:

1. A tape recording of a telephone conversation between [REDACTED]

b6 -4
 b7C -4
 b7D -5

2. A tape recording of a conversation between [REDACTED]

3. A tape recording of a conversation between [REDACTED]

b6 -4
 b7C -4
 b7D -5

4. A surveillance log.

5. A form FD-472 executed by [REDACTED]

b6 -1, 4
 b7C -1, 4
 b7D -5

6. A form FD-473 executed by [REDACTED]

The above described items are being sent by registered mail directly from the San Jose RA to the attention of SA [REDACTED] in the Los Angeles Division.

3 - Los Angeles (Encs. 6)
 (1 - Package) (RM)
 ② - San Francisco

(5)

*Enclosures sent
 5-14-81, registered mail
 #16626, unsubmitted*

SEARCHED
 SERIALIZED
 INDEXED
 FILED

b6 -1
 b7C -1

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

89B-294-32
 FBI (23-cv-10741)-3932

SF 89B-294



b6 -1
b7C -1

FD-302s and photographs will be forwarded to Los Angeles under separate cover at a later time.

CAUTION: CONSIDER ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☐ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date 5/13/81

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (89B-543)
 FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (89B-294) (P) (SJRA)
 SUBJECT: [REDACTED]
 WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM;
 ET AL
 CIO
 OO: LA

b6 -4
 b7C -4

Enclosed for Los Angeles are the following:

1. A tape recording of a telephone conversation between [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
2. A tape recording of a conversation between [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
3. A tape recording of a conversation between [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
4. A surveillance log.
5. A form FD-472 executed by [REDACTED]
6. A form FD-473 executed by [REDACTED]

b6 -4
 b7C -4
 b7D -5

b6 -4
 b7C -4
 b7D -5

b6 -1, 4
 b7C -1, 4
 b7D -5

The above described items are being sent by registered mail directly from the San Jose RA to the attention of SA [REDACTED] in the Los Angeles Division.

3 - Los Angeles (Encs. 6)
 (1 - Package) (RM)
 ② - San Francisco

(5)

*Enclosed sent
 5-14-81 registered
 mail # 160206
 unexhibited*

SEARCHED
 SERIALIZED
 INDEXED
 FILED

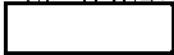
b6 -1
 b7C -1

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

89B - 294 - 32

FBI (23 cv 10741) 3934

SF 89B-294



b6 -1
b7C -1

FD-302s and photographs will be forwarded to Los Angeles under separate cover at a later time.

CAUTION: CONSIDER ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☒ Airtel

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date 5/27/81

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
 FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (89B-543) (C-1) (P)
 RE: [REDACTED]
 WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM,
 ET AL;
 CONSPIRACY TO IMPEDE
 OR INJURE AN OFFICER
 OF THE UNITED STATES;
 OO: Los Angeles

b6 -1, 4
 b7C -1, 4

Re Bureau airtels to Los Angeles, [REDACTED]

b7D -5
 b7E -4

For information of the Bureau, emergency authority to utilize a body transmitter and/or recording device on the person of the informant in this case was initially requested by Los Angeles on 3/18/81, as a meeting was scheduled between the informant and the subject on 3/23/81. However, this meeting did not materialize and was postponed until 5/8/81, when the informant met with the subject in San Jose, California, at which time the informant wore an electronic transmitter and recorder.

As a result of the utilization of electronic monitoring equipment, direct evidence was obtained, information received aided in directing the course of investigation, and wearing the equipment provided protection to the informant who wore the transmitter and the recorder.

3 - Bureau
 ② - San Francisco (89B-294)
 2 - Los Angeles

(7)



b6 -1
 b7C -1

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ Per _____
 (Number) (Time)

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3936

89B-294 - 33

LA 89B-543

ELSUR information is being submitted via
separate communication.

SUBJECT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED
ARMED AND DANGEROUS

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☒ Airtel

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date 5/27/81

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
 FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (89B-543) (C-1) (P)
 RE:

b6 -1, 4
 b7C -1, 4

WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM,
 ET AL;
 CONSPIRACY TO IMPEDE
 OR INJURE AN OFFICER
 OF THE UNITED STATES;
 OO: Los Angeles

 Re Bureau airtels to Los Angeles,

b7D -5
 b7E -4

For information of the Bureau, emergency authority to utilize a body transmitter and/or recording device on the person of the informant in this case was initially requested by Los Angeles on 3/18/81, as a meeting was scheduled between the informant and the subject on 3/23/81. However, this meeting did not materialize and was postponed until 5/8/81, when the informant met with the subject in San Jose, California, at which time the informant wore an electronic transmitter and recorder.

As a result of the utilization of electronic monitoring equipment, direct evidence was obtained, information received aided in directing the course of investigation, and wearing the equipment provided protection to the informant who wore the transmitter and the recorder.

- 3 - Bureau
 ② - San Francisco (89B-294)
 2 - Los Angeles

 (7)

SEARCHED	<u> </u>
SERIALIZED	<u> </u>
JUN 12 1981	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	
SSLA	

b6 -1
 b7C -1

89B-294-33

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3938

LA 89B-543

ELSUR information is being submitted via
separate communication.

SUBJECT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED
ARMED AND DANGEROUS

- 2* -

Orig + lcc mdt sent LA 6/8/81

b6 -1
b7C -1

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUL 7 1981	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

89B-294-35

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 5/20/81

At approximately 2:06PM at the San Jose, California

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5
b7E -4Investigation on 5/8/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294by SA [redacted] Date dictated 5/8/81b6 -1
b7C -1

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3942

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☒ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date 6/1/81

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (89B-543)
 FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (89B-294) (RUC) (SJRA)
 SUBJECT:
 WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM;
 ET AL;
 CONSPIRACY TO IMPEDE OR INJURE
 AN OFFICER OF THE UNITED STATES (CIO)
 OO: LA

b6 -4
 b7C -4

Re Los Angeles teletype to the Bureau dated 5/4/81.

Enclosed for Los Angeles is the original and one copy of five FD-302's reflecting investigation conducted at San Jose, California on . Also enclosed for Los Angeles are two 8 X 10 glossy photographs and twenty eight 3 X 5 glossy prints, all of which were printed from the film which had been exposed during a surveillance conducted by Bureau Agents on San Jose, California.

b7D -5
 b7E -4

As Los Angeles Division is aware Bureau Agents covered

b6 -4
 b7C -4
 b7D -5

It should be noted that

b6 -4
 b7C -4
 b7D -5

2 - Los Angeles (Encs. 40)
 1 - San Francisco

SEARCHED
 SERIALIZED
 INDEXED
 FILED

6/8/81

(3)

b6 -1
 b7C -1

89B-294-36
 FBI (23-cv-10741)-3943

SF 89B-294



b6 -4
b7C -4
b7E -4

It should also be noted that Bureau Agents saw the



A check of the California Department of Motor Vehicle records via the California Law Enforcement telecommunications system revealed that California license [redacted] is registered

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7E -4



A further check of the records of the California Department of Motor Vehicle revealed that [redacted] holds a valid California driver's license number [redacted] is described as:

Race

Sex

Date of Birth

Height

Weight

Hair

Eyes



b6 -4
b7C -4

Inasmuch as all requested investigation has been conducted and reported this matter is being considered RUC.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS

2*

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☒ Airtel

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS E F T O
☐ UNCLAS

Date 5/26/81

TO DIRECTOR, FBI
 FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES (66-6689) (C-1) (P)
 SUBJECT: ELSUR

b6 -1
 b7C -1

Enclosed for the Bureau are two (2) Elsur cards regarding the following individuals:



b6 -4
 b7C -4
 b7D -5

For information of the Bureau, the overhears were obtained as a result of the use of a body transmitter and a recording device.

- 2 - Bureau (Enc. 2)
 ① - San Francisco (89B-294) (Info)
 3 - Los Angeles
 1 - 89B-543

b6 -1
 b7C -1

(6)

SEARCHED
 SERIALIZED

JUN 12 1981

FBI - SAN FRANCISCO

89B-294-38

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) (Time) Per _____

x AIRTEL

7/2/81

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: SSA [REDACTED]

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (66-672C) (P) (SQ. 9)

SUBJECT: ELSUR;
[REDACTED]
WILLIAM CASEY - VICTIM
ET AL
CONSPIRACY TO IMPEDE OR INJURE
AN OFFICER OF THE UNITED STATES (CIO)
OO:LA

b6 -1
b7C -1

b6 -4
b7C -4

Re Bureau airtel to Albany, 6/8/77.

Enclosed for the Bureau and Los Angeles, are
2 Consensual Monitoring index cards for inclusion in the
electronic surveillance special indices. The enclosed
cards pertain to the following individuals:

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

2- Bureau (encl. 2)
1- Los Angeles (encl. 2) 89B-543
2- San Francisco
1- 66-672C
1- 89B-294 encls. sent 7/2/81

b6 -1
b7C -1

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILED

89B-294 - 41

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3954

SEARCHED [] INDEXED []
SERIALIZED [] FILED []
JUL 28 1981
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO

b6 -1
b7C -1

89B-294-42

7

b6 -1
b7C -1

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUL 28 1981	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

89B-294-43

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 7/20/81

[redacted] appeared at the Office of the San Jose, California FBI Resident Agency and furnished the following voluntary information after being advised of the identities of the interviewing agents:

b6 -4
b7C -4

[redacted] indicated that he did not advocate the violent overthrow of the United States Government by force or any other illegal means. He also stated that he did not associate with or want anything to do with any type of a militant group. He stated that he had never conspired to assassinate or eradicate Henry Kissinger, Paul Volker, William Casey or any other politician that he might not agree with. At this point in time [redacted] made an inquiry as to who William Casey is and he was informed that Casey is the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency. [redacted] indicated that he could not recall ever having discussed Casey with anyone.

b6 -4
b7C -4

[redacted] indicated that he had strong political feelings and became very emotional when discussing the way that the government is operating. He further stated that he could understand how someone might misconstrue his intentions.

b6 -4
b7C -4

[redacted] stated that he would never engage in any paramilitary clandestine, or illegal activities and if any illegal acts came to his attention he would immediately report them to the appropriate authorities.

b6 -4
b7C -4

[redacted]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[redacted] indicated that the California Coastal Commission was not one of his favorite bureaucratic agencies. He denied that he ever considered bombing that organization or doing any other act that would be illegal. He stated that he was against all bureaucratic agencies that were engaged in the acquisition or management of private land.

b6 -4
b7C -4

Investigation on 7/17/81 at San Jose, California File # SF 89B-294

b6 -1
b7C -1by SAsDate dictated 7/20/81

SF 89B-294

[REDACTED]

b6 -1
b7C -1

[REDACTED] also stated that he strongly disagreed with the way the country is currently being run but that he would never do anything illegal in an effort to change it. He stated that however, bad the country might presently be any type of anarchy or terrorism would be worse.

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED] stated that he had never engaged in any illegal activities and that he did not plan to do so in the future.

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[REDACTED] stated that he served in the United States Army between [REDACTED] He stated that he served in Viet Nam and received the Silver Star during that period of time.

b6 -4
b7C -4

The following descriptive data was obtained through observation and interview:

Name
Sex
Race
Date of birth
Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes
Education

Employment

Permanent address

Temporary address

Arrest record
Military service

[REDACTED]
Male
Caucasian

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED]

SF 89B-294

[REDACTED]

b6 -1
b7C -1

[REDACTED] concluded by saying that he would oppose the politicians that he thinks are performing their jobs poorly or corruptly in every legal way possible. He further stated that he would work and use whatever monetary resources he had to defeat these individuals and bring about a change in the United States Government.

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED] indicated that he considered himself a loyal American and a good citizen.

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED] then went on to state that he was totally against all acts of violence and terrorism. He specifically mentioned at this time the situation in Iran, El Salvador, and Nicaragua and cited them as an example of terrorism that he did not personally agree with.

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED]

b6 -4
b7C -4

[REDACTED] concluded by stating that he would always be available to assist the FBI in anyway that he could.

b6 -4
b7C -4

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype
☐ Facsimile
☒ Airtel

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate
☐ Priority
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET
☐ SECRET
☐ CONFIDENTIAL
☐ UNCLAS ~~E F T O~~
☐ UNCLAS

Date 7/22/81

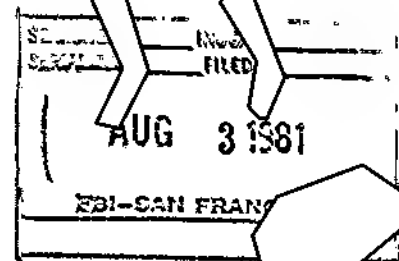
TO DIRECTOR, FBI
 FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES (89B-543)(C-1)(P)
 RE [REDACTED]
 WILLIAM CASEY -
 VICTIM;
 ET AL
 CONSPIRACY TO IMPEDE OR
 INJURE AN OFFICER OF
 THE UNITED STATES
 OO: Los Angeles

b6 -1
b7C -1b6 -4
b7C -4

Re Los Angeles teletype to the Bureau, et al, dated
 5/6/81.

For the information of New Rochelle, Los Angeles
 has been conducting an investigation since January, 1981 of
 captioned subject who has made threats towards several prominent
 figures including Henry Kissinger, David Rockefeller, William
 Casey and Paul Volcker. Investigation, however, has failed to
 substantiate the original allegations, and the U.S. Attorney in
 the Central District of California (CDC), Los Angeles, and in
 the Northern District of California, San Jose, California, have
 declined prosecution of the subject for possible violations of

2 - Bureau
 2 - New Rochelle
 1 - New York (Info)
 1 - San Francisco (89B-294)(Info)
 1 - WFO (89B-294)(Info)
 2 - Los Angeles

b6 -1
b7C -1

Approved: _____ Transmitted _____ (Number) _____ (Time) Per _____

89B-294-45

LA 89B-543

the AFO or related CIO statutes.

[redacted] is described as a white, male, date of birth [redacted] currently [redacted] residing in [redacted] California.

b6 -4
b7C -4

During a meeting with the informant in this case on [redacted]

[redacted] was interviewed by BuAgents at San Jose on 7/17/81 at which time he denied making serious threats to anyone and engaged in political rhetoric in conversation with the interviewing Agents.

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

On 7/9/81 WFO advised that Thomas Watson, who served as Ambassador to Russia from 8/2/79 to 2/4/81, was formerly associated with IBM. Watson can be reached in Armonk, Westchester County, New York, at telephone number 914-765-7001.

LEAD

NEW ROCHELLE

AT ARMONK, NEW YORK: Provide Watson with a summary of captioned investigation and advise that he was mentioned (although not by name) by the subject.

(P1)

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
AUG 27 1984	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

b6 -1
b7C -1

89B-294-46

NR058 WA CODE

624PM NITEL 5/2/73 JXS

TO ALL SACS

FROM ACTING DIRECTOR IP

TRAVEL OF DR. HENRY KISSINGER TO SOVIET UNION 5/3-10/73,
INFORMATION CONCERNING (CI-1).

U.S. SECRET SERVICE WHICH HAS PROTECTIVE RESPONSIBILITY FOR
DR. HENRY KISSINGER DURING HIS TRIP HAS REQUESTED THAT ALL
APPROPRIATE BUREAU FIELD OFFICES BE ALERT TO THIS RESPONSIBILITY
AND IF ANY INFORMATION IS DEVELOPED THAT IT BE IMMEDIATELY
FURNISHED TO THE BUREAU BY TELEPHONE.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

ABOVE INFORMATION IS CLASSIFIED ~~"CONFIDENTIAL."~~

END

FBI HONOLULU WMA 12 25 PM

*del agents
notified KJH*

62-824-1

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 7 1973	
FBI - HONOLULU	

M. C. Carthy
*del sources and
agents.*

T 5/10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, HONOLULU (62-824) (C)

DATE: 5/24/73

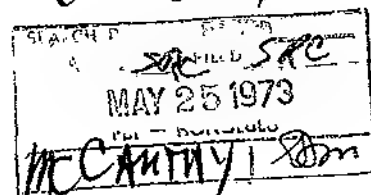
FROM : SA E. FRANCIS MCCARTHY

SUBJECT: TRAVEL OF DR. HENRY
KISSINGER TO SOVIET UNION
5/3-10/73
INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReButel dated 5/2/73.

In accordance with instructions set forth in reButel, all Agents were notified of the proposed travel of Dr. HENRY KISSINGER, and instructed to notify and alert appropriate sources.

No information having been obtained by any Honolulu sources regarding the travel of Dr. KISSINGER, no communications to the Bureau were necessitated and this case should be placed in closed status.



① - Honolulu

EFM:djh

(1) djh

Som



5010 108-01

FILE STRIPPED PER MRR

DATE 10/10/73 BY gbm

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3964

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC New York

DATE: 12-16-74

FROM : [redacted]

b6 -1,4
b7C -1,4

SUBJECT: [redacted] ET AL. V. Henry A. Kissinger,

ET AL.,
Civil Action No 1187-73 (D.D.C.)
Buded 12-17-74

Re Butel ^{airtel} 12/10/74

Case opened for investigation as set forth in
Bu airtel. Sub A file opened to handle this and
kept in June Unit.

Closing teletype
submitted 12/17/74

62-15039-1
[redacted] 12/16/74
b6 -1
b7C -1
SUPV

3 [redacted] 12/74

62-15039-1


SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 19 1974	
NEW YORK	

[redacted]

b6 -1
b7C -1



5010-110

FILE REVIEWED
DATE 8-7-90
INITIALS 

b6 -1
b7C -1

6

[Redacted]

b6 -4
b7C -4

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

[Redacted]

Trapper, P.A.
Dunn, Officer
Deputy P.S.
Commissioner Lt. Col.
Advised S. Top
Attended to notify ATTY.
Gen. Counsel, G. Top,
J. Top, 743 PM AT
Home and other
Negative.
Waller

[Redacted]

#26

62-43-1
JUL 1986
Metcalf, Wm
Pinner, James
detached to

b6 -6
b7C -6

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

b6 -4
b7C -4
b7D -5

b6 -3,4
b7C -3,4
b7D -5

b6 -2
b7C -2
b7D -5

BEST COPY AVAILABLE



b6 -3,4
b7C -3,4
b7D -5

70 71 72






























Figure 1. The effect of the number of trials on the number of correct responses. The number of correct responses was significantly higher than the number of incorrect responses in all conditions. The number of correct responses was significantly higher than the number of incorrect responses in all conditions. The number of correct responses was significantly higher than the number of incorrect responses in all conditions.

P-4
 M-4

[illegible]

(continued)

1-4 -4
1-5 -4
1-6 -5

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

1. **NAME** _____
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THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

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b7C -4
b7E -5

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22 23 24 25 26

姓名	性别	年龄	职业	住址
张	男	35	教师	市
李	女	28	医生	县
王	男	42	工人	乡
赵	女	31	农民	村
刘	男	25	学生	镇
陈	女	38	干部	市
周	男	45	商人	县
吴	女	22	护士	乡
郑	男	33	工程师	村
孙	女	27	记者	镇
周	男	40	教授	市
吴	女	36	作家	县
郑	男	29	画家	乡
孙	女	24	音乐家	村
周	男	37	科学家	镇
吴	女	32	律师	市
郑	男	26	建筑师	县
孙	女	21	舞蹈家	乡
周	男	39	哲学家	村
吴	女	34	历史学家	镇
郑	男	23	生物学家	市
孙	女	19	天文学家	县
周	男	41	地质学家	乡
吴	女	30	气象学家	村
郑	男	20	环境学家	镇
孙	女	18	海洋学家	市
周	男	35	农业学家	县
吴	女	25	林业学家	乡
郑	男	30	渔业学家	村
孙	女	22	畜牧业学家	镇
周	男	28	食品学家	市
吴	女	24	服装学家	县
郑	男	26	纺织学家	乡
孙	女	21	皮革学家	村
周	男	32	陶瓷学家	镇
吴	女	27	玻璃学家	市
郑	男	23	塑料学家	县
孙	女	19	橡胶学家	乡
周	男	36	金属学家	村
吴	女	31	非金属学家	镇
郑	男	25	复合材料学家	市
孙	女	20	纳米学家	县
周	男	33	量子学家	乡
吴	女	28	相对论学家	村
郑	男	22	宇宙学家	镇
孙	女	17	粒子学家	市
周	男	34	原子学家	县
吴	女	29	分子学家	乡
郑	男	24	细胞学家	村
孙	女	19	组织学家	镇
周	男	30	器官学家	市
吴	女	25	系统学家	县
郑	男	20	行为学家	乡
孙	女	15	心理学家	村
周	男	26	教育学家	镇
吴	女	21	社会学家	市
郑	男	16	政治学家	县
孙	女	11	经济学家	乡
周	男	22	法学家	村
吴	女	17	军事学家	镇
郑	男	12	外交学家	市
孙	女	7	国际学家	县
周	男	18	外交学家	乡
吴	女	13	国际学家	村
郑	男	8	外交学家	镇
孙	女	3	国际学家	市
周	男	14	外交学家	县
吴	女	9	国际学家	乡
郑	男	4	外交学家	村
孙	女	0	国际学家	镇
周	男	10	外交学家	市
吴	女	5	国际学家	县
郑	男	0	外交学家	乡
孙	女	0	国际学家	村
周	男	0	外交学家	镇
吴	女	0	国际学家	市
郑	男	0	外交学家	县
孙	女	0	国际学家	乡
周	男	0	外交学家	村
吴	女	0	国际学家	镇
郑	男	0	外交学家	市
孙	女	0	国际学家	县
周	男	0	外交学家	乡
吴	女	0	国际学家	村
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孙	女	0	国际学家	市
周	男	0	外交学家	县
吴	女	0	国际学家	乡
郑	男	0	外交学家	村
孙	女	0	国际学家	镇
周	男	0	外交学家	市
吴	女	0	国际学家	县
郑	男	0	外交学家	乡



b6 -2
b7C -2
b7D -5

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957 7, 2001

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7-20-68

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1991

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC (62-5264) (C)

FROM : SA WILBUR S. METCALF

SUBJECT:
INFORMATION CONCERNING

DATE: 8/4/71

b6 -4
b7C -4

Re Pittsburgh teletype to Bureau 7/30/71.

At Harrisburg, Pa.

On 8/4/71, contents of retel were furnished to SHANE CREAMER,
Attorney General of Pennsylvania.

62-5264-2

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
AUG 5 - 1971	
FBI - PHILADELPHIA	



NR058 WA CODE

6:26 PM NITEL 5/2/73 JXS

TO ALL SACS

FROM ACTING DIRECTOR IP

FILE REVIEWED
DATE 8/7/92
INITIALS

b6 -1
b7C -1

TRAVEL OF DR. HENRY KISSINGER TO SOVIET UNION 5/3-10/73,
INFORMATION CONCERNING (CI-1)

U.S. SECRET SERVICE WHICH HAS PROTECTIVE RESPONSIBILITY FOR
DR. HENRY KISSINGER DURING HIS TRIP HAS REQUESTED THAT ALL
APPROPRIATE BUREAU FIELD OFFICES BE ALERT TO THIS RESPONSIBILITY
AND IF ANY INFORMATION IS DEVELOPED THAT IT BE IMMEDIATELY
FURNISHED TO THE BUREAU BY TELEPHONE.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

ABOVE INFORMATION IS CLASSIFIED "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~."

END

*File stripped
5/8/73*

*S-2
B*

*AS Syed
5/2/73
JXS*

62-5485-1

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 02 1973	
FBI - PHILADELPHIA	

DEAD

FBI (23-cv-10741)-3974

Year	1950 Projection (%)	1980 Projection (%)
1950	7.0	7.0
1955	7.5	7.8
1960	8.0	8.6
1965	8.5	9.4
1970	9.0	10.2
1975	9.5	11.0
1980	10.0	11.8
1985	10.5	12.6
1990	11.0	13.4
1995	11.5	14.2
2000	12.0	15.0
2005	12.5	15.8
2010	13.0	16.6
2015	13.5	17.4
2020	14.0	18.2
2025	14.5	19.0
2030	15.0	19.8
2035	15.5	20.6
2040	16.0	21.4
2045	16.5	22.2
2050	17.0	23.0

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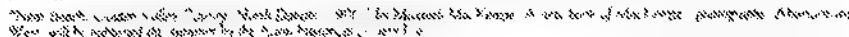
2017年12月 第3期

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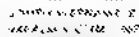
FBI (23-cv-10741)-3975



Abstract

The making of a war criminal
By Christopher Hutchins

It will become clear, and may be so, to those at the center of this movement, that a political opponent is there. However, nonetheless, I have found myself, as a

[illegible][illegible]

1. The first part of the document is a letter from the President of the United States to the Congress, dated January 1, 1861. It is a copy of the original letter, and is written in the President's own hand. The letter is addressed to the Congress, and is signed by the President. The letter is a copy of the original letter, and is written in the President's own hand.

Chas. J. Finkler, President & George W. Finkler, Secretary & the Board of Directors of the
Chas. J. Finkler & Co. Inc. 100 N. 1st St. St. Paul, Minn. 55101

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Mattie's life came to a close
and he was quiet for a while. Then
one day he wrote me a letter and said "I
am feeling better."

...this installment, the
...populations in Indonesia and
...the personal suborning and planning of murder
...of a senior constitutional official.

to a and even "Ward

...to Krammer in who
...in doing and proach
...matter, from a not on
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...of the Spanish magistrates and the
...International Forum of a "the Human has do
...the committed crimes

...reason why a warrant for the tr



the existence. And we have seen
...the Nicaraguan revolution by an ech

the ex and crime

...cases of what could have been a
...for once, one way to the possible sign

...from justice to "to no Au

...those the ancient philosopher Anacharsis, who
...mentioned that laws were for the weak - strong
...enough to detain only the weak and the weak
...and the strong. In the name of inconvertible vic-
...tims known and unknown, it is time for justice to
...take a hand.

REGARDING HENRY

On December 2, 1976, Michael Krammer
...was being interviewed in camera in the
...in a room in the basement of the New York
...Courtroom 10, the site of the "judicial" work
...of the United Nations in the city of New York.

...in this particular case, the man sitting at the
...the life and thought of a man
...a man at the wall behind him. An
...phone rang and there was a man
...Henry Krammer, who was a man
...like a bookkeeper, who with the extreme of

...between a man and a high
...camera lens and the man and the
...and the man were for a long time.

...during his interview, to get the number 1779
...1976, the day of the Krammer Association. Krammer
...says, to get a number in the day of

REMARKS, REMARKS. After a pause of some
...minutes, the man (the man) who is the
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administration to get the man who is the

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* The C. & G. was fired on again because by the regime and the Indian border police. The third police again calls has records on Chid's attempt to establish an international right wing group.

What we have here is wrong is the very subject of
it. It is wrong for it equals to an escape, a promotion,
and another analysis that, on stage of error, is as
difficult as it can gain, a wrong that can achieve
names of "compassion" where we are at a error
and another place. It is wrong that can be
without error or failure of most men, the greater
belonging to back these great human beings. The
honor and love desired in an individual, made to
human person.

[illegible]

DOES REVEALS
THE SECRET OF

[illegible]

THE PRODIGY OF THE VOGUE PARTY IS NOT, SURELY, THE MAN WHO DESTROYED CIVILIAN POPULATIONS.

In June 1944 the first American post-
 war mission of a different kind was sent to
 Moscow. As a result of the war, the
 United States had a large surplus of
 food and clothing, and it was decided
 to send some of this surplus to the
 Soviet Union. The first mission was
 sent in June 1944, and it was
 the first of many missions that
 followed.

Three variables are entered, 1, 2, 3 to be
each a count on a 100 scale, 100, 100, 100
to 1.

၁။ သူ၏ နာမည်ကို မိမိတို့ အား ရှိသော အားဖြင့်
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1970年1月1日
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[illegible][illegible]

[illegible]

The image shows a double-page spread from a medieval manuscript. The left page features a large, decorated initial 'I' in the top left margin, followed by several lines of text in a Gothic script. The right page continues the text. The manuscript is bound in the center, and the pages are slightly aged and discolored.

108 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 2045 2046 2047 2048 2049 2050 2051 2052 2053 2054 2055 2056 2057 2058 2059 2060 2061 2062 2063 2064 2065 2066 2067 2068 2069 2070 2071 2072 2073 2074 2075 2076 2077 2078 2079 2080 2081 2082 2083 2084 2085 2086 2087 2088 2089 2090 2091 2092 2093 2094 2095 2096 2097 2098 2099 2100 2101 2102 2103 2104 2105 2106 2107 2108 2109 2110 2111 2112 2113 2114 2115 2116 2117 2118 2119 2120 2121 2122 2123 2124 2125 2126 2127 2128 2129 2130 2131 2132 2133 2134 2135 2136 2137 2138 2139 2140 2141 2142 2143 2144 2145 2146 2147 2148 2149 2150 2151 2152 2153 2154 2155 2156 2157 2158 2159 2160 2161 2162 2163 2164 2165 2166 2167 2168 2169 2170 2171 2172 2173 2174 2175 2176 2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185 2186 2187 2188 2189 2190 2191 2192 2193 2194 2195 2196 2197 2198 2199 2200 2201 2202 2203 2204 2205 2206 2207 2208 2209 2210 2211 2212 2213 2214 2215 2216 2217 2218 2219 2220 2221 2222 2223 2224 2225 2226 2227 2228 2229 2230 2231 2232 2233 2234 2235 2236 2237 2238 2239 2240 2241 2242 2243 2244 2245 2246 2247 2248 2249 2250 2251 2252 2253 2254 2255 2256 2257 2258 2259 2260 2261 2262 2263 2264 2265 2266 2267 2268 2269 2270 2271 2272 2273 2274 2275 2276 2277 2278 2279 2280 2281 2282 2283 2284 2285 2286 2287 2288 2289 2290 2291 2292 2293 2294 2295 2296 2297 2298 2299 2300 2301 2302 2303 2304 2305 2306 2307 2308 2309 2310 2311 2312 2313 2314 2315 2316 2317 2318 2319 2320 2321 2322 2323 2324 2325 2326 2327 2328 2329 2330 2331 2332 2333 2334 2335 2336 2337 2338 2339 2340 2341 2342 2343 2344 2345 2346 2347 2348 2349 2350 2351 2352 2353 2354 2355 2356 2357 2358 2359 2360 2361 2362 2363 2364 2365 2366 2367 2368 2369 2370 2371 2372 2373 2374 2375 2376 2377 2378 2379 2380 2381 2382 2383 2384 2385 2386 2387 2388 2389 2390 2391 2392 2393 2394 2395 2396 2397 2398 2399 2400 2401 2402 2403 2404 2405 2406 2407 2408 2409 2410 2411 2412 2413 2414 2415 2416 2417 2418 2419 2420 2421 2422 2423 2424 2425 2426 2427 2428 2429 2430 2431 2432 2433 2434 2435 2436 2437 2438 2439 2440 2441 2442 2443 2444 2445 2446 2447 2448 2449 2450 2451 2452 2453 2454 2455 2456 2457 2458 2459 2460 2461 2462 2463 2464 2465 2466 2467 2468 2469 2470 2471 2472 2473 2474 2475 2476 2477 2478 2479 2480 2481 2482 2483 2484 2485 2486 2487 2488 2489 2490 2491 2492 2493 2494 2495 2496 2497 2498 2499 2500 2501 2502 2503 2504 2505 2506 2507 2508 2509 2510 2511 2512 2513 2514 2515 2516 2517 2518 2519 2520 2521 2522 2523 2524 2525 2526 2527 2528 2529 2530 2531 2532 2533 2534 2535 2536 2537 2538 2539 2540 2541 2542 2543 2544 2545 2546 2547 2548 2549 2550 2551 2552 2553 2554 2555 2556 2557 2558 2559 2560 2561 2562 2563 2564 2565 2566 2567 2568 2569 2570 2571 2572 2573 2574 2575 2576 2577 2578 2579 2580 2581 2582 2583 2584 2585 2586 2587 2588 2589 2590 2591 2592 2593 2594 2595 2596 2597 2598 2599 2600 2601 2602 2603 2604 2605 2606 2607 2608 2609 2610 2611 2612 2613 2614 2615 2616 2617 2618 2619 2620 2621 2622 2623 2624 2625 2626 2627 2628 2629 2630 2631 2632 2633 2634 2635 2636 2637 2638 2639 2640 2641 2642 2643 2644 2645 2646 2647 2648 2649 2650 2651 2652 2653 2654 2655 2656 2657 2658 2659 2660 2661 2662 2663 2664 2665 2666 2667 2668 2669 2670 2671 2672 2673 2674 2675 2676 2677 2678 2679 2680 2681 2682 2683 2684 2685 2686 2687 2688 2689 2690 2691 2692 2693 2694 2695 2696 2697 2698 2699 2700 2701 2702 2703 2704 2705 2706 2707 2708 2709 2710 2711 2712 2713 2714 2715 2716 2717 2718 2719 2720 2721 2722 2723 2724 2725 2726 2727 2728 2729 2730 2731 2732 2733 2734 2735 2736 2737 2738 2739 2740 2741 2742 2743 2744 2745 2746 2747 2748 2749 2750 2751 2752 2753 2754 2755 2756 2757 2758 2759 2760 2761 2762 2763 2764 2765 2766 2767 2768 2769 2770 2771 2772 2773 2774 2775 2776 2777 2778 2779 2780 2781 2782 2783 2784 2785 2786 2787 2788 2789 2790 2791 2792 2793 2794 2795 2796 2797 2798 2799 2800 2801 2802 2803 2804 2805 2806 2807 2808 2809 2810 2811 2812 2813 2814 2815 2816 2817

WE WERE NOT MEANT TO KNOW THAT
THE U.S. WAS IN VIETNAM AS EARLY
AS 1949 OR AS LATE AS 1975

St. Louis, the representative of the American Council on Education and University in April and October 1975. This is an interesting finding, for it would have been seven years previously that he had been expelled from the region, with a diploma revoked and a ban on his return to the country.

[illegible]

Some statements are too blunt for everybody. Some deal in code "in casual," some in the incoherent jargon that are a bore only gathered from the wire and used in paragraphs. There is no lack of a word somewhere they fit. (Excerpted) However, a single hand, after a long and often a day, and page, I would

[illegible][illegible]

11. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1033-1036.

the fact that the board of directors of the company were not
the same as the board of directors of the company.

For more information, please contact the appropriate
 end user or the person who is in charge of the
 data. The data is not available for the
 rest of the year.

^a Data are given as mean ± SD.

seligheit. so werden also in eurer abendmahl
 in eurer gottes. Das ist euer. in eurer gottes
 und euer. in eurer seligkeit. euer. in eurer
 und euer. in eurer seligkeit. euer. in eurer
 und euer. in eurer seligkeit. euer. in eurer
 und euer. in eurer seligkeit. euer. in eurer

[illegible]

the place of the treatment on the three groups and the three types of treatment. The results were as follows: the three groups had no significant differences in the mean values of the dependent variables. The three types of treatment had no significant differences in the mean values of the dependent variables. The three groups had no significant differences in the mean values of the dependent variables. The three types of treatment had no significant differences in the mean values of the dependent variables.

as a service to others as I am not a doctor and do not
 do more as I have to be in the hospital. Q. Is that all
 you are going to do? A. Yes, that is all.

[illegible]

1. The expression of the word "no" is not
 2. The expression of the word "no" is not
 3. The expression of the word "no" is not
 4. The expression of the word "no" is not
 5. The expression of the word "no" is not
 6. The expression of the word "no" is not
 7. The expression of the word "no" is not
 8. The expression of the word "no" is not
 9. The expression of the word "no" is not
 10. The expression of the word "no" is not

Let's begin with the first of the two. As I have said, we are not looking for direct action to help meet our global energy requirements. The first of the important steps is to develop a "breakthrough" energy.

[illegible][illegible]

KISSINGER HAD TO KNOW THAT EVERY CASUALTY IN INDOCHINA AFTER 1968 WAS AVOIDABLE

[illegible]

$\Delta \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{4}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) = \frac{1}{16}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{8} \right) = \frac{1}{8} \left(\frac{1}{8} \right) = \frac{1}{64}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{16} \right) = \frac{1}{16} \left(\frac{1}{16} \right) = \frac{1}{256}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{32} \right) = \frac{1}{32} \left(\frac{1}{32} \right) = \frac{1}{1024}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{64} \right) = \frac{1}{64} \left(\frac{1}{64} \right) = \frac{1}{4096}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{128} \right) = \frac{1}{128} \left(\frac{1}{128} \right) = \frac{1}{16384}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{256} \right) = \frac{1}{256} \left(\frac{1}{256} \right) = \frac{1}{65536}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{512} \right) = \frac{1}{512} \left(\frac{1}{512} \right) = \frac{1}{262144}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{1024} \right) = \frac{1}{1024} \left(\frac{1}{1024} \right) = \frac{1}{1048576}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{2048} \right) = \frac{1}{2048} \left(\frac{1}{2048} \right) = \frac{1}{4194304}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{4096} \right) = \frac{1}{4096} \left(\frac{1}{4096} \right) = \frac{1}{16777216}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{8192} \right) = \frac{1}{8192} \left(\frac{1}{8192} \right) = \frac{1}{67108864}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{16384} \right) = \frac{1}{16384} \left(\frac{1}{16384} \right) = \frac{1}{268435456}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{32768} \right) = \frac{1}{32768} \left(\frac{1}{32768} \right) = \frac{1}{1073743872}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{65536} \right) = \frac{1}{65536} \left(\frac{1}{65536} \right) = \frac{1}{4294967744}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{131072} \right) = \frac{1}{131072} \left(\frac{1}{131072} \right) = \frac{1}{17179869184}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{262144} \right) = \frac{1}{262144} \left(\frac{1}{262144} \right) = \frac{1}{68719476736}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{524288} \right) = \frac{1}{524288} \left(\frac{1}{524288} \right) = \frac{1}{274517807104}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{1048576} \right) = \frac{1}{1048576} \left(\frac{1}{1048576} \right) = \frac{1}{1098071228416}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{2097152} \right) = \frac{1}{2097152} \left(\frac{1}{2097152} \right) = \frac{1}{4392284913664}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{4194304} \right) = \frac{1}{4194304} \left(\frac{1}{4194304} \right) = \frac{1}{17577139654912}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{8388608} \right) = \frac{1}{8388608} \left(\frac{1}{8388608} \right) = \frac{1}{70308558619648}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{16777216} \right) = \frac{1}{16777216} \left(\frac{1}{16777216} \right) = \frac{1}{281234234478784}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{33554432} \right) = \frac{1}{33554432} \left(\frac{1}{33554432} \right) = \frac{1}{1124936937915136}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{67108864} \right) = \frac{1}{67108864} \left(\frac{1}{67108864} \right) = \frac{1}{4501747751660544}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{134217728} \right) = \frac{1}{134217728} \left(\frac{1}{134217728} \right) = \frac{1}{18007031006642176}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{268435456} \right) = \frac{1}{268435456} \left(\frac{1}{268435456} \right) = \frac{1}{72028124026568704}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{536870912} \right) = \frac{1}{536870912} \left(\frac{1}{536870912} \right) = \frac{1}{288112496106274816}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{1073743824} \right) = \frac{1}{1073743824} \left(\frac{1}{1073743824} \right) = \frac{1}{1152449984425100288}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{2147487648} \right) = \frac{1}{2147487648} \left(\frac{1}{2147487648} \right) = \frac{1}{4609799937700401152}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{4294975296} \right) = \frac{1}{4294975296} \left(\frac{1}{4294975296} \right) = \frac{1}{18439199750801604608}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{8589950592} \right) = \frac{1}{8589950592} \left(\frac{1}{8589950592} \right) = \frac{1}{73756799003206418432}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{17179901184} \right) = \frac{1}{17179901184} \left(\frac{1}{17179901184} \right) = \frac{1}{295027196012825673728}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{34359802368} \right) = \frac{1}{34359802368} \left(\frac{1}{34359802368} \right) = \frac{1}{1180108784051302694976}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{68719604736} \right) = \frac{1}{68719604736} \left(\frac{1}{68719604736} \right) = \frac{1}{4720435136205210779904}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{137439209472} \right) = \frac{1}{137439209472} \left(\frac{1}{137439209472} \right) = \frac{1}{18881740544820843119616}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{274878418944} \right) = \frac{1}{274878418944} \left(\frac{1}{274878418944} \right) = \frac{1}{75526962179283372478464}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{549756837888} \right) = \frac{1}{549756837888} \left(\frac{1}{549756837888} \right) = \frac{1}{302107848717133490313856}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{1099513675776} \right) = \frac{1}{1099513675776} \left(\frac{1}{1099513675776} \right) = \frac{1}{120843139486853396125504}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{2199027351552} \right) = \frac{1}{2199027351552} \left(\frac{1}{2199027351552} \right) = \frac{1}{483372557947413584502016}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{4398054703104} \right) = \frac{1}{4398054703104} \left(\frac{1}{4398054703104} \right) = \frac{1}{1933490231789654338008064}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{8796109406208} \right) = \frac{1}{8796109406208} \left(\frac{1}{8796109406208} \right) = \frac{1}{7733960927158617352032256}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{17592218812416} \right) = \frac{1}{17592218812416} \left(\frac{1}{17592218812416} \right) = \frac{1}{30935843708634469408129024}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{35184437624832} \right) = \frac{1}{35184437624832} \left(\frac{1}{35184437624832} \right) = \frac{1}{123743374834537877632516096}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{70368875249664} \right) = \frac{1}{70368875249664} \left(\frac{1}{70368875249664} \right) = \frac{1}{495013503338151510530064384}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{140737750499328} \right) = \frac{1}{140737750499328} \left(\frac{1}{140737750499328} \right) = \frac{1}{1980054013352606042120257536}$
 $\Delta \left(\frac{1}{281475500998656} \right) = \frac{1}{281475500998656} \left(\frac{1}{281475500998656} \right) = \frac{1}{792021605$

[illegible]

both the α and β subunits of the $\alpha\beta$ complex are involved in the binding of the γ subunit of the $\gamma\delta$ complex.

articles of impeachment the proclamation of which was signed by the President. But the document was not signed by the President. It was signed by the Secretary of State, and it was not a proclamation. It was a document of the Executive branch, but it was not a proclamation. It was a document of the Executive branch, but it was not a proclamation.

Let us not be misled by the fact that the document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation. It was a document of the Executive branch, but it was not a proclamation. It was a document of the Executive branch, but it was not a proclamation.



MENTALLY AND
PHYSICALLY
CAPABLE OF
SUPPORTING
THE
NATION

Western Union, a cable station, that the President was in the city.

A number of people, including the President's son, were present at the ceremony. The President was in the city.

Henry, one of the men who was with the President, was in the city. He was in the city.

In his whole life, the President was in the city. He was in the city.

that he, together with Halden, Alexander, and the other men, were in the city. They were in the city.

It was not the President's son who was in the city. It was not the President's son who was in the city.

The document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation.

The document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation.

The document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation.

The document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation.

The document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation.

The document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation.

ing a Canadian, who knew more about them, and more, than any other man in the country. He was in the city.

The document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation.

The document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation.

was not to make a common appeal to the people. It was not a common appeal to the people.

The document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation.

The document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation.

"THE PRESIDENT WANTS YOU TO KNOW IF THIS DOESN'T WORK, HENRY IT'S YOUR ASS." - BEBE REPOZO

The document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation.

The document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation.

The document was signed by the Secretary of State. It was not a proclamation.

FBI (23 cv 10/41) 3986

4 The city was perched on a hill and on a hill is an awkward way to write it. By Kington, for instance, on a hill is a very common expression. In this case, however, the hill is the hill of the hill, and the hill is the hill of the hill.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

There is a growing awareness of the need for a more holistic approach to the study of the environment. This approach recognizes the interconnectedness of the natural and social sciences, and the importance of understanding the complex interactions between them. The following are some of the key areas of research in this field:

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

It was not understood that separate rules for different
types of use be required. A common set of rules covering
most uses was developed. The rules, however, were based
on the fact that there is a sharp change in the nature of
the effect on a person's behavior when the person
is moving, as compared to when he is seated.

1871 1872, a. 1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 2045 2046 2047 2048 2049 2050 2051 2052 2053 2054 2055 2056 2057 2058 2059 2060 2061 2062 2063 2064 2065 2066 2067 2068 2069 2070 2071 2072 2073 2074 2075 2076 2077 2078 2079 2080 2081 2082 2083 2084 2085 2086 2087 2088 2089 2090 2091 2092 2093 2094 2095 2096 2097 2098 2099 2100 2101 2102 2103 2104 2105 2106 2107 2108 2109 2110 2111 2112 2113 2114 2115 2116 2117 2118 2119 2120 2121 2122 2123 2124 2125 2126 2127 2128 2129 2130 2131 2132 2133 2134 2135 2136 2137 2138 2139 2140 2141 2142 2143 2144 2145 2146 2147 2148 2149 2150 2151 2152 2153 2154 2155 2156 2157 2158 2159 2160 2161 2162 2163 2164 2165 2166 2167 2168 2169 2170 2171 2172 2173 2174 2175 2176 2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185 2186 2187 2188 2189 2190 2191 2192 2193 2194 2195 2196 2197 2198 2199 2200 2201 2202 2203 2204 2205 2206 2207 2208 2209 2210 2211 2212 2213 2214 2215 2216 2217 2218 2219 2220 2221 2222 2223 2224 2225 2226 2227 2228 2229 2230 2231 2232 2233 2234 2235 2236 2237 2238 2239 2240 2241 2242 2243 2244 2245 2246 2247 2248 2249 2250 2251 2252 2253 2254 2255 2256 2257 2258 2259 2260 2261 2262 2263 2264 2265 2266 2267 2268 2269 2270 2271 2272 2273 2274 2275 2276 2277 2278 2279 2280 2281 2282 2283 2284 2285 2286 2287 2288 2289 2290 2291 2292 2293 2294 2295 2296 2297 2298 2299 2300 2301 2302 2303 2304 2305 2306 2307 2308 2309 2310 2311 2312 2313 2314 2315 2316 2317 2318 2319 2320 2321 2322 2323 2324 2325 2326 2327 2328 2329 2330 2331 2332 2333 2334 2335 2336 2337 2338 2339 2340 2341 2342 2343 2344 2345 2346 2347 2348 2349 2350 2351 2352 2353 2354 2355 2356 2357 2358 2359 2360 2361 2362 2363 2364 2365 2366 2367 2368 2369 2370 2371 2372 2373 2374 2375 2376 2377 2378 2379 2380 2381 2382 2383 2384 2385 2386 2387 2388 2389 2390 2391 2392 2393 2394 2395 2396 2397 2398 2399 2400 2401 2402 2403 2404 2405 2406 2407 2408 2409 2410 2411 2412 2413 2414 2415 2416 2417 2418 2419 2420 2421 2422 2423 2424 2425 2426 2427 2428 2429 2430 2431 2432 2433 2434 2435 2436 2437 2438 2439 2440 2441 2442 2443 2444 2445 2446 2447 2448 2449 2450 2451 2452 2453 2454 2455 2456 2457 2458 2459 2460 2461 2462 2463 2464 2465 2466 2467 2468 2469 2470 2471 2472 2473 2474 2475 2476 2477 2478 2479 2480 2481 2482 2483 2484 2485 2486 2487 2488 2489 2490 2491 2492 2493 2494 2495 2496 2497 2498 2499 2500 2501 2502 2503 2504 2505 2506 2507 2508 2509 2510 2511 2512 2513 2514 2515 2516 2517 2518 2519 2520 2521 2522 2523 2524 2525 2526 2527 2528 2529 2530 2531 2532 2533 2534 2535 2536 2537 2538 2539 2540 2541 2542 2543 2544 2545 2546 2547 2548 2549 2550 2551 2552 2553 2554 2555 2556 2557 2558 2559 2560 2561 2562 2563 2564 2565 2566 2567 2568 2569 2570 2571 2572 2573 2574 2575 2576 2577 2578 2579 2580 2581 2582 2583 2584 2585 2586 2587 2588 2589 2590 2591 2592 2593 2594 2595 2596 2597 2598 2599 2600 2601 2602 2603 2604 2605 2606 2607 2608 2609 2610 2611 2612 2613 2614 2615 2616 2617 2618 2619 2620 2621 2622 2623 2624 2625 2626 2627 2628 2629 2630 2631 2632 2633 2634 2635 2636 2637 2638 2639 2640 2641 2642 2643 2644 2645 2646 2647 2648 2649 2650 2651 2652 2653 2654 2655 2656 2657 2658 2659 2660 2661 2662 2663 2664 2665 2666 2667 2668 2669 2670 2671 2672 2673 2674 2675 2676 2677 2678 2679 2680 2681 2682 2683 2684 2685 2686 2687 268

In London the majority of persons who
disapproved of the treaty and the alliance did not
see a shortening of American war as a necessary
and the only remedy in several cases. In
other, the majority of the opposition was
not so particularly concerned with a certain
action the object being the furtherance
of an even government. And, as to the
creation of a strong party in London, it was
not a success.

[illegible][illegible]

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ON EXERCISE

On January real estate
to keep land priceless

References

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

1. *Abstract* - The main purpose of this study was to investigate the effect of the use of a computer-based system on the performance of a group of students in a mathematics class. The study was conducted in a classroom setting with 30 students. The results showed that the use of the computer-based system significantly improved the students' performance in the mathematics class. The study also found that the use of the computer-based system increased the students' motivation and engagement in the learning process. The study concluded that the use of a computer-based system is an effective way to improve the performance of students in a mathematics class.

$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$

more than 1 year. 26

[illegible]

PART TWO

On the negative side, however, the Fed's actions may have been a little more than warranted. The Fed's decision to raise the prime rate to 10 percent, for example, was a little more than warranted. The Fed's decision to raise the prime rate to 10 percent, for example, was a little more than warranted. The Fed's decision to raise the prime rate to 10 percent, for example, was a little more than warranted.

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On November 1, 1970, the following information was received from the Bureau of the Census:

As expected, the more frequently a low frequency vowel occurs in the word, the more likely it is to be deleted. This is true for all three vowels, but the effect is most pronounced for the low back vowel /ɑ/. The deletion of /ɑ/ is more likely when it occurs in the first or second syllable than when it occurs in the third or fourth syllable. This is also true for the low front vowel /ɐ/. The deletion of /ɐ/ is more likely when it occurs in the first or second syllable than when it occurs in the third or fourth syllable. The deletion of /e/ is more likely when it occurs in the first or second syllable than when it occurs in the third or fourth syllable.

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[illegible]

from his group. C. B. was working in a store at the time. A group of men, all dressed in dark clothing, came in. They were wearing masks and had guns. They were looking for C. B. and when they found him, they took him to a room. They were looking for C. B. and when they found him, they took him to a room. They were looking for C. B. and when they found him, they took him to a room.

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HENRY KISSINGER APPROVED THE INTERNATIONALIZATION OF THE DEATH SQUAD PRINCIPLE

Left: A group of men, all dressed in dark clothing, came in. They were wearing masks and had guns. They were looking for C. B. and when they found him, they took him to a room.

Right: A group of men, all dressed in dark clothing, came in. They were wearing masks and had guns. They were looking for C. B. and when they found him, they took him to a room.

Henry Kissinger approved the internationalization of the death squad principle. This was a key part of the CIA's strategy to support the military dictatorship in Chile.

The CIA's strategy was to support the military dictatorship in Chile. This was a key part of the CIA's strategy to support the military dictatorship in Chile.

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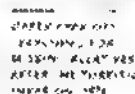
Minors remained together prior to July 1, 1974, those senior officers of the Greek foreign ministry, all of them known for their moderate

Some days after the coup, which even although it was not until 15, 1974, and when challenged in a press conference about his apparent failure to foresee it, Kussner replied that "the investigation was not going wrong on the streets". Actually, a coup was in the air but he remained loyal: could he cheer, on both of a diplomat and an intelligence captain? He did not want to be wrong: was there not a direct lesson in his coming, on to his countrymen for some

In Washington, Krommenak press representatives:

Senior Kees also found a "little bit of water" had infiltrated the room, and mentioned that something would be done to remove it. He gave several reasons for such action. First, the room was not a child's room and he said that the room was not fit to sit in with an elderly man. He said that does it mean it have been very much waterlogged. When the fire engine came and removed the points, the others were principally due to the

discharge of his responsibilities. He was represented on the
Board of Directors of the Marine and Merchants' Com-
pany of Portland, as President of the Portland Chamber of
Commerce, and as a member of the Board of Directors of the
Bank of Portland, and as a member of the Board of Directors of
the Portland Chamber of Commerce. He was also a member of
the Board of Directors of the Portland Chamber of Commerce, and
of the Board of Directors of the Portland Chamber of Commerce.



But it is the fact that the same police can be charged a Ku Kluxer persona. In other words the same men are the threat to the life of Minors. Even in the dark shadows of an

Wesley, Louis. Kissinger's legacy at the National Security Council, reviewed in *Foreign Affairs* the intellectual and strategic developments within the executive of the Administration, 1969-1976, the

Second, the knowledge of this secret discipline and the accompanying privileges characteristically freed the "Eskimo" persons at such meetings to exhibit more unbridled love. He told his associate, once, and also his members of common conversation, that he understood that the persons understanding and understanding and enjoying would prove him. This person later said, "I understand and therefore had not given him that face before he had not more reason." Thus it is ordinary with him in the matter of his members that he is only a few of those who are members of the members.

What a magnificent opportunity we have, when
volunteering power, could determine whether there
is any true "connect" to sports from the self
evaluation of a student's statistics, secured by
writing and his whole work, by whom the
entire period of discipline at St. and the school
department of discipline of 1905. The rest of a
primary school is shown then, meaning, would
appear to rest on a whole which is that every
thing is so simple.

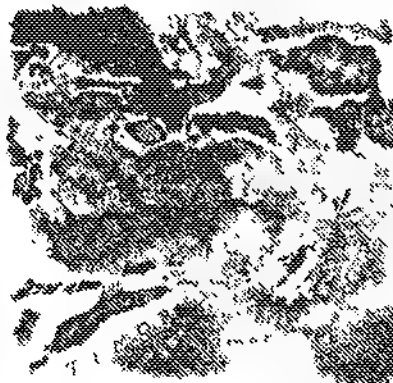
no good but sign an unnecessary tax the
distance of being on a road—very
expensive—then they have a new
one. And now I see I have to do, out of
the church and local women's funds or somewhere. I
can't do any like before, for a heavy burden of con-
science has been upon me.

The date of the Indonesian invasion of this island is being celebrated on December 7, 1945. It is significant that that date, 1945, means a "and" and is a secretary of state, I believe Kasegar, arrived in Brown, having come aboard an oil rig and to inform "me" that had "come fresh from a meeting with" Indonesia's military junta, and when I left that place was making me a promise to get me and my wife and children out of the island as quickly as possible. I had to find the relations with Indonesia on the island. I respect the executive to inquire whether the two students had given the students any assistance in sailing to a "green light." The president was even a

When he awoke, a flower appeared on his forehead, and he said, "We shall have that later." But when he awoke, the flower was gone, and he said, "We shall have that later." But when he awoke, the flower was gone, and he said, "We shall have that later."

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

The witness is a man of good character and is not a member of the same family as the defendant. He is a man of good character and is not a member of the same family as the defendant.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Top of the 1000 ft. is marked by a
change in the color of the rock
which is more blueish than the

1. What was the purpose of the mission?
 2. How did the mission proceed?
 3. What were the results of the mission?
 4. How did the mission affect the community?
 5. How did the mission affect the church?
 6. How did the mission affect the world?

1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem. This is often done by the customer, who may be experiencing a problem with their product or service. The customer may contact the company's customer service department or visit the company's website to report the problem.



STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF ALBANY

"The Committee has discussed the international level,
 i.e., how to communicate to the public the need to re-
 duce government to deal with the fact that there are
 200 million people who are "economically and socially
 excluded" and how to communicate with the
 people of Bulgaria, even though the picture is so
 bleak, in order to support the demand for a
 change in the way the present government is
 doing what is a necessary preparation for the

1. The first and foremost thing I want to say is that I am very proud to be a member of the [Organization Name]. It has been a great experience to be part of this community and to learn from all of you.

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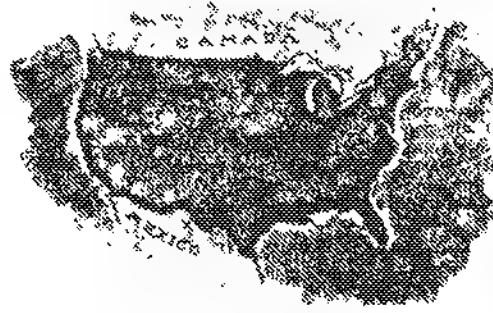
the November 1960 election had been an easy
 win. But the new state's first election was
 fought in 1962. It was the first time in
 the history of the state that a woman had
 been elected to the office of governor.

KISSINGER AND HE DO BELIEVE
THAT THERE'S SOMEONE NEVER
BEING A "FIRM" HELPER'S HAND

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man can gauge at least as an indication that he was facing the real world as he had hoped to see it. Not that some just enjoyed the security of protected interests in Washington. Demetriou was compelled to accept it as reality and to make the most of it.

After the collapse of the Greek bid to join the EEC, Demetriou was in the center of the process in Athens and continued what he had long wanted to do: to see that the country was not left behind. He was helped by the EEC. The Greek government at the time was in a state of confusion. Demetriou was in the center of the process. He was helped by the EEC. The Greek government at the time was in a state of confusion. Demetriou was in the center of the process. He was helped by the EEC. The Greek government at the time was in a state of confusion.



...even end to using money. There were a few who had a hard time. Demetriou was in the center of the process. He was helped by the EEC. The Greek government at the time was in a state of confusion. Demetriou was in the center of the process. He was helped by the EEC. The Greek government at the time was in a state of confusion.

...sentence in particular stands out in the ...

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WHY SHOULD KISSINGER KNOW OR CARE ABOUT THE EXISTENCE OF A LONE DISSIDENT JOURNALIST?

...the ...

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and personal types as a tenant of an apartment on her block. He had also been a tenant since 1950. In January '64, 1964, she wrote to him.

2005-2006

1. *serm* = Verb = *Wort* = *Message* = *backbone* for
Monks = *those* = *monks* and *the* *serm* = *ser-*
He is going to you--and you will hear the
serm = *He has succeeded to have the sermon*

As first met on 9th Jan if he had any reason, so that we could be separated and a 10th day was a cover. But the 10th day was a 10th day regime of a 10th day regime and the 10th day regime.

It really put me out of hand. It was all he I talk about
during lunch so, a memory at the table and I never
of

Any one who person at the table will bring back here a noticeable list of hotel patrons, and numerous other diplomats. The interior goes to back of restaurant and even of bar on such an occasion, and at the very end of the legendary bar on Paris nights were the most beautiful of a remarkable selection every day.

I have stated this suggestion in the context that Thompsons were not under surveillance since that the passages, admittedly highly damaging, in the important Greek Klemminger client and that his identity was well known to those in power, in both Washington and Athens. Henry was the United States ambassador in Athens at the time, was a New York Klemminger man with every reason to be opposed to the suggestion. He has been purified by a careful scrutiny of Congress and he had his own 1941 problems in the Creek where police in the Brown campaign. In July 1927, shortly after Thompson was expelled from Congress, a suggestion, reminiscent of the conspiracy

THE FBI FURNISHED KISSINGER WITH SLANDEROUS MATERIAL ABOUT ELIAS DEMETRIACOFIDLOS

Insertion of a page or two into the document
is begun.

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SPINA: THE MOSTER IN THE ATTEMPT TO
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Glenn and Tom Pappas at how probably know at least of how severe a case I heard, I must be paid at M. Heibel requires forwarding to some of the defendants. He came in to see me in Miami. The Pappas did. Pappas came to see me about the embargo, to Glencoe. As he wanted, he wanted more, brother, a few

The same day or night he had an attack of pneumonia, probably of the same character as his earlier one, a harmless, transient, fever, resulting in a bloody sputum, great but painless increase in the rate of his heart. This had assumed a more important character on December 29th, when his condition was one of pneumonia alone, in addition to the fever. He coughed, sputum was abundant, and under the microscope he showed pus, and it was due to an infectious organism, not much like the one which caused those who preceded him. About the middle of the 1st of the next government and on January 1st Iowa sent Jesse as Frank L. Bliss of Utah, Jeremiah B. Knapp of Vermont, and J. L. and of Alaska, James W. Kennedy and John A. McPherson of Texas and Oregon.

Wilder he is here again now I am up and
nearly but on December 23 four days after he
is man had died without seeing his son.

Sens. James Buckley and Charles McNair received a telegram from the Greek Embassy in Washington, D.C., that acted to inform that Democratic presidential candidate had applied for passport to the embassy and had intended to make a stop whose party, race and orientation, had not been disclosed to the embassy. Buckley immediately contacted the embassy to receive a telephone call at his home in New York. Kennedy advised him not to accept any safe, certain, information, even if he was asked by a local Democratic, unless proven and intense as the party wanted. He might well have been disappointed as it happened to him with a woman, who at the time was not yet his, been married for 10 days, pregnant and was now a woman who had been a woman, the child was not yet one day old, and was a woman who was not yet one day old, and was a woman who was not yet one day old.

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...one thing with this inter-relationship between
Tava and the ... is a possible ... of ...
... ... the ... of ...
... ... the ... of ...

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The response is a beautiful example of the use of a simile to suggest the idea of a person who is a "little" person and who is "little" in the sense of being a "little" person and who is "little" in the sense of being a "little" person.

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wrote over the page on some papers it was to
be used for something

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his to get some more men in the
corps of volunteers. "After taking the
message of the week paper & giving them
Aunt J. & taking his good night at 10⁰⁰ &
the ambassador went to his room and
at 11⁰⁰ he is in bed & asleep.

[illegible]

1. The first step is to identify the problem. This involves understanding the situation and the goals that need to be achieved.

⁴ The word even here is not a concessive particle, as in "even though" or "even if". It is a particle of emphasis, as in "even so" or "even then". It is used to emphasize the fact that the action of the verb is true despite the fact that the action of the verb in the preceding clause is true. It is used to emphasize the fact that the action of the verb is true despite the fact that the action of the verb in the preceding clause is true.

est e deit se de Sogre Edmundo deo uia no
de la oua vello de e tothon. f. de la oltro

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KISSINGER ON SELLING WEAPONS
TO INDONESIA: "NOTHING
FROM THAT GETS BACK"

It is regretted that the person who was the subject of the investigation was not able to provide the information requested. The investigation was conducted in accordance with the procedures of the FBI and the results are being reported to the appropriate authorities.

There are two types of handwriting - one very neat and the other very sloppy.

Now the Democratic question is very much more difficult in the last time, because a person for a second time. Henry Kissinger was at least aware of a place to change, and would, quite, not, give us certainty until a reliable and consistent in Washington. It is never a be shared of the same, and in explaining the counter-reference a Democratic resolution. death in his own in heart, a change now and make those same sources at last necessary, or else be experienced to do so.

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In his famous meeting at the New Yorker Hotel on December 18, 1974, Dr. King was the recipient of a surprise with the evidence of an generous offer from Tammy Krukowski makes the bill more realistic than ever!

§ 109. Are if we not acquainted with a person, we
are not holding him to be a person?

[illegible]

It isn't possible to do science with an ivory tower knowledge, because a people's personal nature is inseparable with the way it can learn a technology, and even to be technically aware of that technology was part of an "understanding" that emerged in 1973. And yet there is a power to a general knowledge of science, a way in which it can be used and even business competition. The insight will be a technology, a new product other than a "culture" (the word, now too).

[illegible]

This is a copy of the original document as it appears in the original manuscript. The text is written in a cursive script and is somewhat faded. The document is a letter from the Secretary of the Navy to the Secretary of the Treasury, dated 1864. The letter discusses the proposed purchase of the ship "Albatross" and the proposed purchase of the ship "Albatross". The letter is signed by the Secretary of the Navy, G. B. Davis.

the Project & the other 4 or 5 times to compare with
several from the 1940s and 1950s, notably 11,
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informational theory would also suggest that the
 children's error at age four and five is based on

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

came a letter of Kissinger's Associates, as did a 30-page memorandum concerning proposed participation in The Congo in potential interest because it was guided by the large state and conglomerate that she functioned as Kissinger's will vary in fact on and areas manufacturing complex. This complex was later seized by Richard M. Johnson, close to the other interests, it was had been the equities National Area, and use to process areas in aggression against four neighboring republics. At all times during the protracted crisis, and somewhat out of step with money, it has usually traveled a wide range. Henry Kissinger agreed a consistent policy it was or an, with the White House, despite. Her Englishman in the course retained the State Department as a part of the story and finally came across the state. She moved

vehemently per se, it certainly calls for the resolution of the Chinese government, inevitable in the Kuomintang Free China Movement, and the proposed good.

Flax for more than a decade also restored to a small, elderly Tennessee town the independence of lost years. There was even a suggestion of a new premier square and a handsome region within, in which some part of the new life, like the years of the past, in the imagination, may again flourish. Flaxner has had to learn the price with a very, and wonder, whether even a new century can afford to let him. It will be a curious and interesting display of the answer to this question, in which the full price and in government for the public, in a much, than down, on an American Congress, of his for a long, checked, to a new, restored, day.

Members present to conduct the agenda
to our government & will as since
order of the day for the next day.

THERE ARE INCREASINGLY
NOTICEABLE RENTS AND TEARS IN
KISSINGER'S CLOAK OF IMMUNITY

4. 在 1990 年 12 月 31 日以前

now demonstrates that U.S. government agents were knowingly party to acts of torture, murder, and "disappearance" by Pinochet's death squads, Chilean citizens will be able to bring suit in America under the Alien Tort Claims Act, which grants U.S. federal courts "subject-matter jurisdiction" over a claim when a non-U.S. citizen sues for a civil wrong committed in violation of a U.S. treaty or other international law. Chilean relatives of the "disappeared" and of General Schneider have recently expressed an intention to do so, and I am advised by several international lawyers that Henry Kissinger would indeed be liable under such proceedings.

The Alien Tort Claims Act would also permit victims in other countries, such as Bangladesh or Cambodia, to seek damages from Kissinger, on the model of the recent lawsuit filed in New York against Li Peng, among the Chinese Communist officials most accountable for the 1989 massacre in Tiananmen Square.

A significant body of legal theory can be brought to bear on the application of "customary law" to the bombardment of civilians in Indochina. The Genocide Convention was not ratified by the United States until 1988. In 1951, however, it was declared by the International Court of Justice to be customary international law. The work of the International Law Commission is in full agreement with this view. There would be argument over whether the numberless victims were a "protected group" under existing law, and also as to whether their treatment was sufficiently indiscriminate, but such argument would place heavy burdens on the defense as well as the prosecution.⁵

An important recent development is the enforcement by third countries—most notably Spain—of the international laws that bind all states. Baltasar Garçon, the Spanish judge who initiated the successful prosecution of General Pinochet, has also secured the detention in Mexico of the Argentine torturer Ricardo Miguel Cavallo, who is now held in prison awaiting extradition. The parliament of Belgium has recently empowered Belgian courts to exercise jurisdiction over war crimes and breaches of the Geneva Convention committed anywhere in the world by a citizen of any country. This practice, which is on the increase, has at minimum the effect of limiting the ability of certain people to travel or to avoid extradition. The Netherlands, Switzerland, Denmark, and Germany have all recently employed the Geneva Conventions to prose-

⁵ See especially Nicole Barrett, "Holding Individual Leaders Responsible for Violations of Customary International Law," Columbia Human Rights Law Review, Spring 2001.

cure war criminals for actions committed against non-nationals by non-nationals. The British House of Lords decision in the matter of Pinochet has also decisively negated the defense of "sovereign immunity" for acts committed by a government or by those following a government's orders. This has led in turn to Pinochet's prosecution in his own country.

There remains the question of American law. Kissinger himself admits that he knowingly broke the law in continuing to supply American weapons to Indonesia, which used them to violate the neutrality of a neighboring territory and to perpetrate gross crimes against humanity. Kissinger also faces legal trouble over his part in the ethnic cleansing of the British colonial island of Diego Garcia in the early 1970s, when indigenous inhabitants were displaced to make room for a United States military base. Lawyers for the Chagos Islanders have already won a judgment in the British courts on this matter, which now moves to a hearing in the United States. The torts cited are "forced relocation, torture, and genocide."

In this altered climate, the United States faces an interesting dilemma. At any moment, one of its most famous citizens may be found liable for terrorist acts under the Alien Tort Claims Act, or may be subject to an international request for extradition, or may be arrested if he travels to a foreign country, or may be cited for crimes against humanity by a court in an allied nation. The non-adherence by the United States to certain treaties and its reluctance to extradite make it improbable that American authorities would cooperate with such actions, though this would gravely undermine the righteousness with which Washington addresses other nations on the subject of human rights. There is also the option of bringing Kissinger to justice in an American court with an American prosecutor. Again the contingency seems a fantastically remote one, but, again, the failure to do so would expose the country to a much more obvious charge of double standards than would have been apparent even two years ago.

The burden therefore rests with the American legal community and with the American human-rights lobbies and non-governmental organizations. They can either persist in averting their gaze from the egregious impunity enjoyed by a notorious war criminal and lawbreaker or they can become seized by the exalted standards to which they continually hold everyone else. The current state of suspended animation, however, cannot last. If the courts and lawyers of this country will not do their duty, we shall watch as the victims and survivors of this man pursue justice and vindication in their own dignified and painstaking way, and at their own expense, and we shall be put to shame.

SEIZE THE DAY JOB

Sacrificing Saul Bellow on the altar of one's own career

By Lee Siegel

Discussed in this essay

Bellow: *A Biography* by James Atlas Random House, 2000. 688 pages. \$35.

The novelist Saul Bellow is many things to many people.

To some, he is the self-made literary Bourbon who restored the soul to American letters; to others, the Jewish Jackie Robinson who smashed his own idiom through WASP exclusions. To still others, he is the wisecracking custodian of the best that has been thought and said, or the patient stylist in Flaubert's line, laboring to make language a prehensile attachment to the eye. To my mind, this is all either piffle or partial truth. Bellow's genius consists in his being one of the greatest meshuganas who ever lived.

"Meshuga" means harmlessly crazy in Yiddish, but I am going to take liberties and use it in the sense of being gripped by divine laughter. Bellow himself characterizes this state of being in "Him with His Foot in His Mouth," a story about a man, Shammur, whose truth-compulsion guarantees his social isolation. In vari-

ous ways I have been trying to say this to you, using words like seizure, rap-

ture, demonic possession, frenzy, *Fatum*, divine madness, or even solar storm—on a microcosmic scale. Shawmut's irresistible urge to tell it straight manifests itself in witticisms that arouse the wildest life-giving laughter. It is the opposite of the spasms of blind self-regard that destroyed many of Bellow's friends and contemporaries: John Berryman, Randall Jarrell, Robert Lowell, Jean Striford, Delmore Schwartz. Meshuga is the other side of destruction, a reconstitution in the form of a momentary flying-apart. The Meshuga Principle ventilates what self-destructive outbursts of deep forces actually work to repress.

Bellow has written a wise and affecting essay called "Mozart: An Overture" about his lifelong love for the composer. Mozartean laughter is, in fact, the very quality that fuels his meshuga energy. "That's the animal side in me, the laughing creature, forever rising up,"



thinks Augie March to himself at the conclusion of *The Adventures of Augie March*, a novel that begins almost farcically with an old woman at the mercy of an animal—a dog—and ends with several dogs bounding into the air and kissing the face of their master, an image of happy parity between humans and their physical nature. This communion between the individual and his or her animal power is one of Bellow's great themes. Here is most of the final paragraph of *Hertog*:

Coming back from the woods, he picked some flowers for the table. He wondered whether there was a corkscrew in the drawer. Had Madeleine taken it to Chicago? Well, maybe Ramona had a corkscrew in her Mercedes. An unreasonable thought. A nail could be used, if it came to that. Or you could break the neck of the bottle as they did in old movies. Meanwhile, he filled his hat

Lee Siegel is a contributing writer for *Talk magazine* and a contributing editor for *The New Republic*. His last piece for *Harper's Magazine*, "Every Sweatshop Has a Silver Lining," was published in February 2000.

Illustration by Matthew Perloff

Jordan [redacted] 6220 b6 -1 b7C -1
310

July 19, 2001

[redacted]
[redacted] CA [redacted]

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b7C -2

Dear Mr. [redacted]

Your April 30th communication to Attorney General John Ashcroft concerning the recently published book, The Trial of Henry Kissinger, was referred to the FBI, where it was received July 5th. Your interest in bringing this information to the attention of the Department of Justice and sharing your views with the Attorney General are appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

151

[redacted]

Unit Chief
Office of Public and
Congressional Affairs

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b7C -5

MAILED 71
JUL 25 2001

1 - ADIC, WFO (185A-WF-184222) - Enc.

ReBucal of 7/17/01 to SSA [redacted] TTF.

62C-HQ-1077231 - 22876

NOTE: This response was coordinated with SSA [redacted] WFO, and Unit Chief [redacted] [redacted] Unit, OGC, both of whom concurred with reply. Response was used previously in reply to a similar citizen inquiry which was prompted by excerpts of the book The Trial of Henry Kissinger appearing in Harper's Magazine and was coordinated with SSA [redacted] Based on available information, [redacted] is not identifiable in ACS.

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Off. of Gen. _____
Counsel _____
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Director's Office _____

MAIL ROOM

upload by [redacted] 8/6/01

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FBI/DOJ

FBI (23-cv-10741)-4004

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/16/1998

[redacted] at KISSINGER AND ASSOCIATES, 350 Park Avenue, 26th Floor, New York, New York, 10022, telephone number 212-759-7919, was interviewed telephonically. After being advised of the identity of the interviewing agent and the nature of the interview, [redacted] provided the following information:

b6 -2
b7C -2

[redacted] for KISSINGER AND ASSOCIATES and for HENRY KISSINGER. [redacted] handled the KISSINGER finances in 1996. [redacted] checked the bank account records for KISSINGER AND ASSOCIATES and for HENRY KISSINGER's personal accounts for two months straddling [redacted] reported that there were no money transfers to any KISSINGER account from [redacted]
[redacted]

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b7C -2, 4Investigation on 11/16/1998 at Los Angeles, California (telephonically)File # 58A-HQ-1193317 - [redacted] -302 -4364b6 -1, 4
b7C -1, 4by SA [redacted] Date dictated 11/16/1998

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